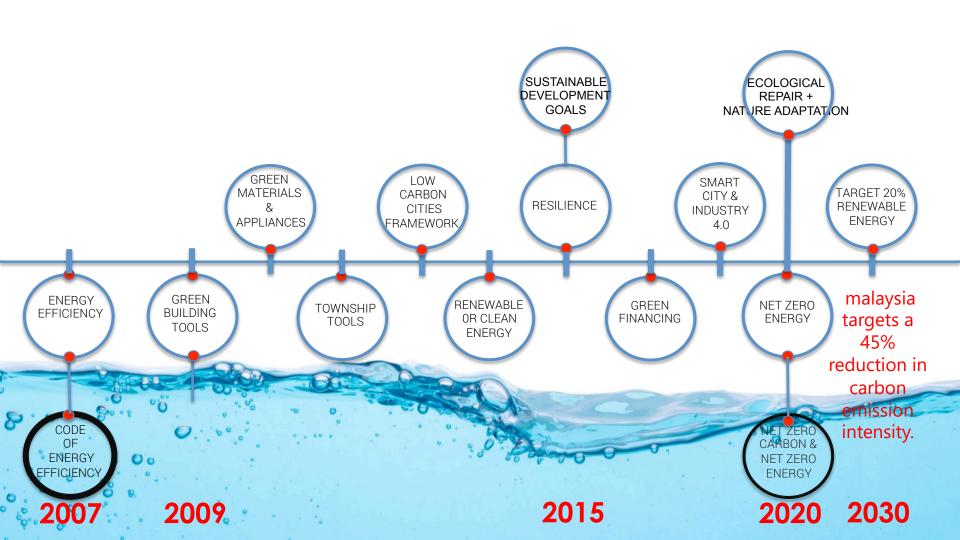




## From buildings to townships to cities, Greening our environment Normal Baharu Bandar Rendah Karbon siri 6.0











Development of a road map for 40% reduction of carbon emission intensity National Landscape Policy at least 30% Urban development areas as green areas Current recycling rate is about 5 to 10% as most of the waste (95%) still ends up in landfills Future KL- Singapore High Speed rail Increase public transportation networks Klang Valley with KVMRT Move to develop national Hybrid Car **National Level: Low Carbon Cities Framework** 

# 

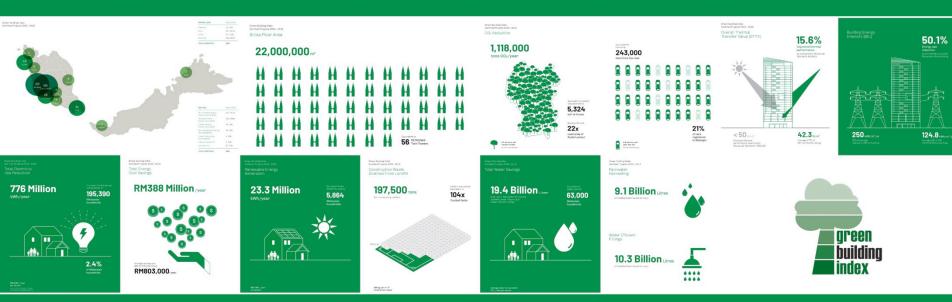
# 

building towards sustainability



## **GREEN 500**

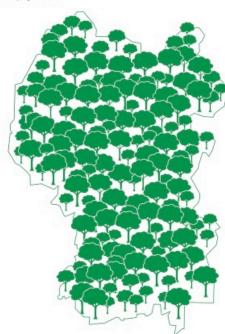
Green Building Index Certified Projects 2009 - 2019



#### CO<sub>2</sub> Reduction

1,118,000

tons CO2/year



Equivalent to carbon sequestered by

5,324

km² of Forest

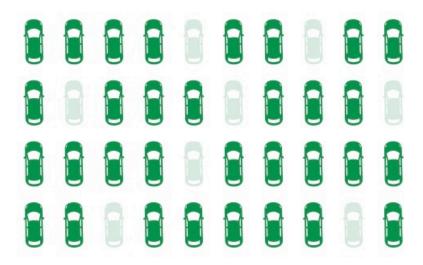
Equals a Forest

22<sub>x</sub>

Land area of Kuala Lumpur Equivalent to removing

243,000

Cars from the road



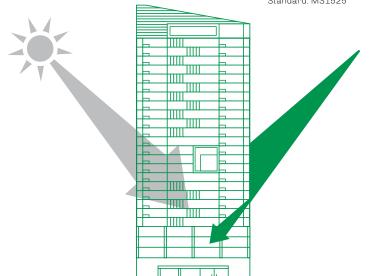
21%

of cars registered in Selangor

## Overall Thermal Transfer Value [OTTV]



as compared to Malaysian Standard: MS1525



< 50 W/m<sup>2</sup>

Minimum thermal performance specified by Malaysian Standard : MS1525  $42.3_{\text{W/m}^2}$ 

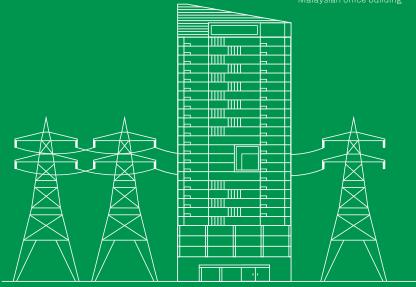
Average OTTV of GBI certified Buildings

## Building Energy Intensity [BEI]

50.1%

Energy use reduction

as Compared to a typical Malaysian office building



 $250_{\,\text{kWh/m}^2/\text{yr}}$ 

BEI of average Malaysian Office Building 124.8 kWh/m²/yr

Average BEI of GBI Certified Office Buildings

Total Electricity
Use Reduction

776 Million

kWh/year

Equivalent to the annual consumption of

195,390

Malaysian households

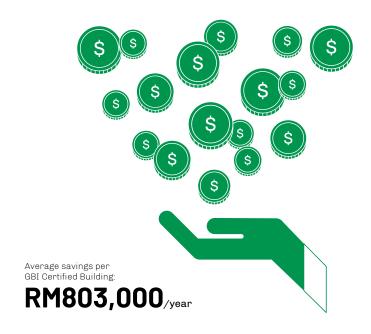


2.4% of Malaysian households

Green Building Index Certified Projects 2009 - 2019

Total Energy Cost Savings

## RM388 Million / year



### Renewable Energy Generation

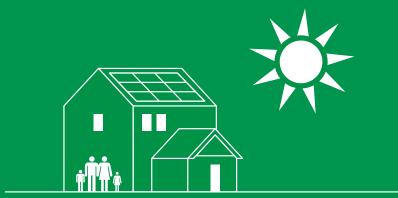
23.3 Million

kWh/year

Equivalent to the electricity used by

5,864

Malaysian households



Green Building Index Certified Projects 2009 - 2019

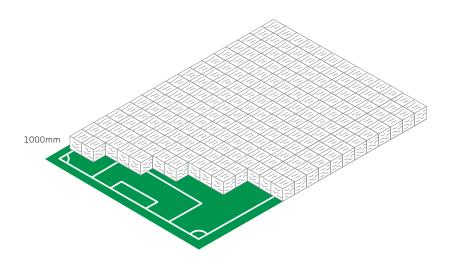
Construction Waste Diverted From Landfill

197,500 tons

Sent to recycling centers

Landfill area saved equivalent to

104x
Football fields



#### Total Water Savings

19.4 Billion L/year

from use of Rainwater Harvesting Systems, Water Recycling & Water-Efficient Fittings Equivalent to water used by

63,000

Malaysian households



Green Building Index Certified Projects 2009 - 2019

Rainwater Harvesting

9.1 Billion Litres

of Potable Water Saved Annually



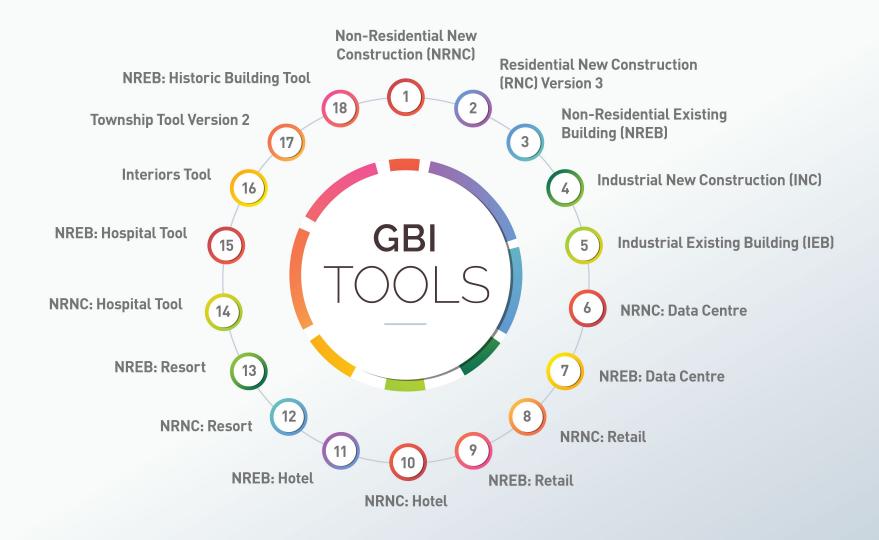
Water Efficient Fittings

10.3 Billion Litres

of Potable Water Saved Annually













A Green Township considers a more holistic planning approach, creating better linkages between communities, environment and buildings.

## TOWNSHIP TOOL

## VERSION 2.0

6 Core criteria for the delivery of Sustainable Township in Malaysia

#### 1 Climate, Energy & Water



Sustainable Townships are balanced in their ongoing production and consumption of energy and water

They aim for zero net carbon emissions – by maximising passive design principles, minimising the impact of heat island effect, minimising energy consumption, adopting onsite energy generation, utilising renewable energy technologies such as co-generation and micro-generation.

They are water neutral – through the reduction of mains water consumption, rainwater harvesting and greywater recycling.

## 3 Community Planning & Design



Sustainable Townships are planned and designed for the benefit of the community

They are created using an integrated approach to master planning and best practice urban design principles emphasising people priority and greenspaces.

Such goals help create a strong sense of place for communities – resulting in more livable and diverse neighbourhoods.

## Building & Resources



Sustainable Townships have a lower impact on resources – by applying the 'more from less' principle

They emphasise the need to minimise the use of highly resource intensive materials by using a life cycle approach.

They make effective use of local materials and resources for the construction of new communities.

### Ecology & Environment



Sustainable Townships respect their surrounding environment and native ecological systems

They are sensitive to the needs of the local ecology & biodiversity and aims to preserve and enhance the ecological value of the natural environment.

They assist in stabilising land – subsidence by reducing the impact of flooding and erosion.

### Transportation & Connectivity



Sustainable Townships are well-connected places that have a broad range of transportation options

They have excellent accessibility, connectivity and are well linked to surrounding districts.

They make good use of existing transport links and make priority and provision for future services – such as rail, bus and cycling networks.

#### Business & Innovation



Sustainable Townships are tailored to respond to local needs in creating business and employment whilst incorporating innovative solutions

They provide employment opportunities for its residents to work closer to their homes and schools. They provide avenues for businesses to form and florish.

They demonstrate best practices through the implementation of innovative technologies and solutions at many different levels of the township.

## the climate pandemic Future proofing

2020
Targeting super
low Energy & Resource
efficiency

Super low energy, water & resources targetting between 30-50% efficiency health & wellbeing framework

Advancing carbon neutral, 2020

Growing more trees, creating more water catchment, increasing renewable energy, ecology & biodiversity nearly-ZEB and ZEB. ZEB-ready

ZEB-ready, nearly-ZEB & ZEB Advancing Net zero carbon buildings to 100% by 2050

