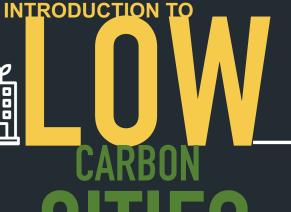


PLANNING









Datin TPr Hjh Mazrina Abd Khalid Vice President Malaysian Institute of Planners 22nd Sept 2020



LOV GARBON CARBON

PLANNING

Prepared by:



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CONTENTS

LOW CARBON CITIES

01

MALAYSIA, STATE AND LOCAL COMMITMENTS

02

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

03

LOW CARBON CITIES FRAMEWORK

04

LCCF IMPLEMENTATION

05





Low Carbon Cities

There is no universally applicable definition of a low-carbon city.

DEFINITION OF LOW CARBON CITIES



Cities and towns that pursue a **SYSTEMATIC PROCESS** to achieve ambitious **GHG** emission reductions

a community "that **PURSUES A SYSTEMATIC PROCESS** to achieve GHG emission reductions"

LOW-EMISSION DEVELOPMENT **STRATEGIES (LEDS)** are generally used to describe forwardlooking national economic development plans or strategies that encompass lowemission.

It pursues a step-bystep approach towards carbon neutrality. urban resilience and energy security. supporting an active green economy and stable green infrastructure.

> - ICLEI and C40 Cities

a city that comprises of **SOCIETIES THAT CONSUME SUSTAINABLE GREEN TECHNOLOGY, GREEN PRACTICES AND EMIT RELATIVELY LOW CARBON** or GHG as compared with present day.

- PLANMalaysia.

2010

A city's ability to take effective action on MITIGATING **CLIMATE CHANGE. AND MONITOR PROGRESS**, depends on having access to **GOOD OUALITY DATA** on GHG emissions.

Cities

- ICLEI and C40

FEATURES OF LOW CARBON CITIES





Source: NLCCM (draft) MESTECC, 2019; WORLD BANK, 2014; Word Wildlife Fund; ICLEI and C40 Cities; PLANMalaysia, 2010

TYPES OF GREEN HOUSE GASEOUS







Carbon Dioxide

HUs 53%

Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) are gases released through natural processes such as respiration and volcano eruptions and through human activities such as deforestation, land use changes, and burning fossil fuels

- NASA

Methane

15%

Hydro Fluorocarbons HFCs

Nitrous Oxide

Chlorofluorocarbons **CFCs**

Water Vapor H_2O

HFCs (various)

CARBON EMISSION











ABSOLUTE BASED CALCULATION

Refer to the total quantity of greenhouse gas emissions being emitted.

Calculation based on scale and sector.



Lank



50,901.32 tonne CO₂



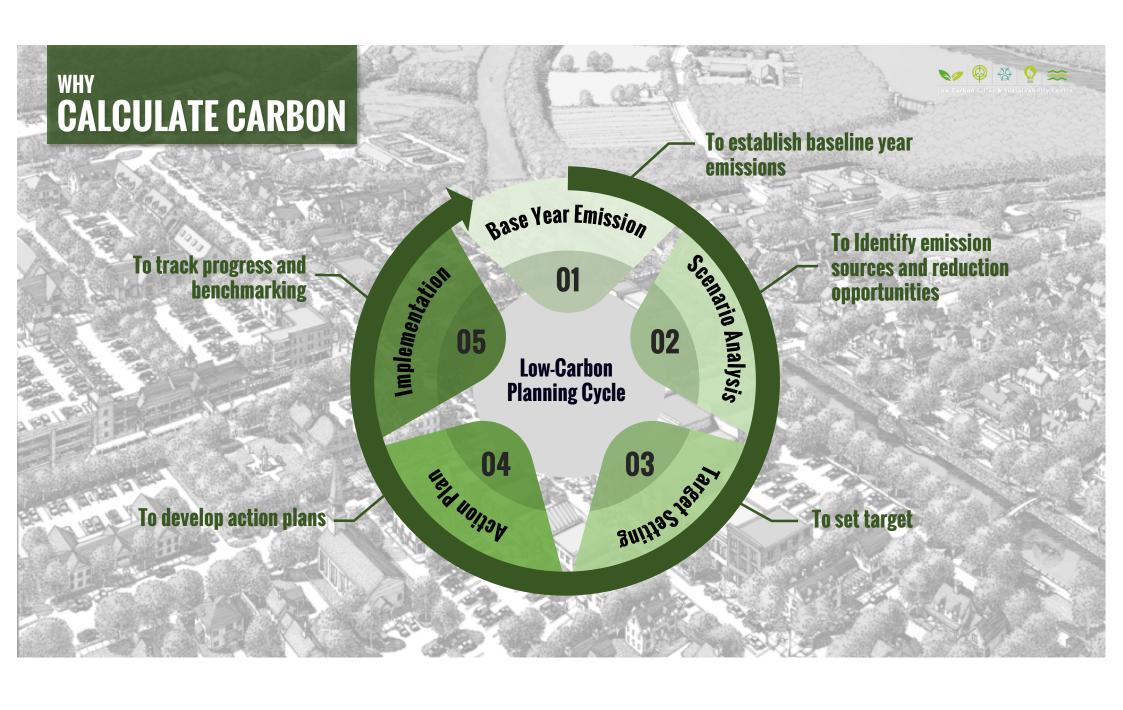
INTENSITY BASED CALCULATION

Refer to the volume of emissions per unit of GDP (economic output).



PARIS2015 COP21.CMP11

Reduction of carbon emission intensity to 45% per GDP by 2030, as compared to 2005 levels.



LOW CARBON CITY PLANNING



CITIES CONSUME 75% OF THE WORLD NATURAL RESOURCES and account for 80% OF GLOBAL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS
- UNITED NATION-

THE MAIN SOURCES OF THE EMISSIONS



Energy (Electricity Consumption),



Mobility (Vehicles)



Waste (Municipal Solid Waste That Ends Up In Landfills)

Source: BP Statistical Review of World Energy 2019



EMISSION LEVEL

Malaysia



8.13 mt/capita (2014)
Ranked 33rd emitter in the world rank (2016)

Singapore



10.31 mt/capita (2014)
Ranked 20th contributor in

Ranked 20th contributor in the world rank (2016)

Indonesia



1.82 mt/capita (2014)

Ranked 113th emitter in the world rank (2016)

Source: Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center, Environmental Sciences Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Tennessee, United States.





Commitment

Malaysia, State and Local Commitments

MALAYSIA COMMITMENT EMISSION OF INTENSITY CARBON





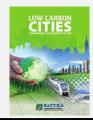






COP 15, Copenhagen mengurangkan 40% pembebasan karbon dalam KDNK pada 2020 berasaskan nilai pembebasan karbon dalam KDNK pada 2005.

2011



KERANGKA BANDAR RENDAH KARBON (LCCF) DI LANCARKAN

2009

COP15 COPENHAGEN

PARIS2015

COP21-CMP11











2014

MALAYSIA umum pengurangan 33% pembebasan karbon, United Nation Climate Summit, NEW YORK 2014

2015



Senarai Semak I CCF DI Perkenalkan

2017



COP23 FIJI **UN CLIMATE CHANGE CONFERENCE BONN 2017-18**

2016

GTALCC - GREEN **TECHNOLOGY APPLICATION FOR LOW CARBON** CITIES



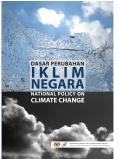






COP 23. BONN Malaysia lapor komitmen masih "on track" untuk mencapai komitmen COP21

COMMITMENTS BY MALAYSIA AND STATES













()

RANCANGAN MALAYSIA KESEBELAS 2016-2020



























COMMITMENTS AT LOCAL LEVEL



MAJLIS BANDARAYA SHAH ALAM

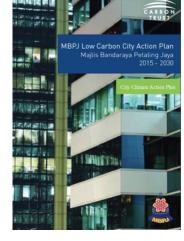
SHAH ALAM BANDAR RAYA MAMPAN

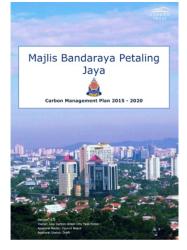
"PEMBANGUNAN YANG MEMBOLEHKAN GENERASI SEMASA MEMENUHI KEPERLUANNYA TANPA MENGKOMPROMIKAN KEMAMPUAN GENERASI MENDATANG MEMENUHI KEPERLUAN MEREKA." - Suruhanjaya Dunia mengenai Alam Sekitar dan Pembangunan

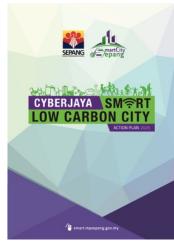
(Development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.)





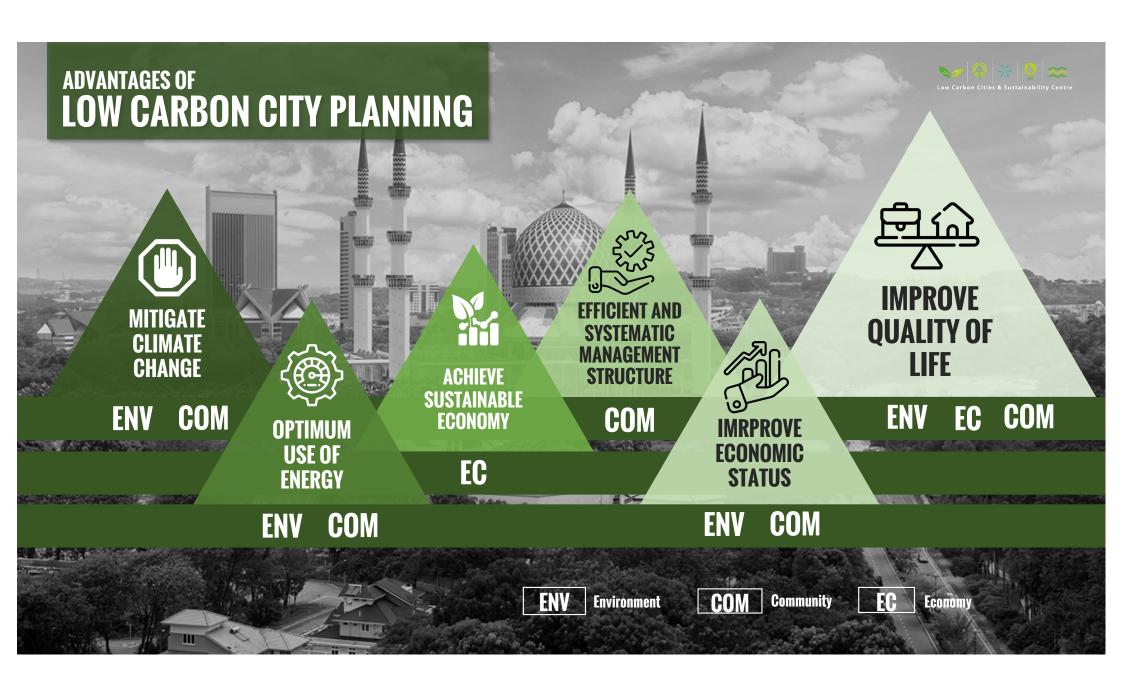
















Low Carbon Cities Framework

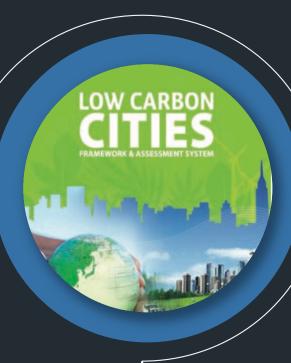
Low Carbon Cities Framework (LCCF) aims to provide guidance for Local Authorities, universities and any other regions on how to transform their cities into low carbon cities.

	VARIOUS TYPES OF									Low Carbon Cities & Sustainability Centre	
CAR	BON A	SSESS LCCF Checklist	MENT T	GreenRE	MyCrest	Green PASS	PH JKR	SUSDEX	MY GHI	Melaka Green Seal	CASBEE Iskandar
Date of Establishment	2011	2014	2009	2013	2016	2012	2012	2010	2014	2014	2016
Developed by	MESTECC	MESTECC	PAM and ACEM	REHDA	CIDB	CIDB	JKR	Sime Darby Property	UTM LLM	Melaka Green Development Organization (MGDO)	Iskandar Malaysia (IRDA)
Certification Process	Voluntary	Voluntary	Voluntary	Voluntary	Mandatory for JKR new projects worth 50 million and above	Voluntary	Voluntary	Mandatory for all Sime Darby development project	Voluntary	Voluntary	For urban development, City and Building
Nature of Assessment	Performance Based	Design Based	Design Based	Design based	Design and Performance Based	Performance Based	Design Based	Design Based	Design Based	Design Based	Performance Based
Assessment Design & Construction	Design Construction, Operation and Maintenance	Design Construction, Operation and Maintenance	Design & construction	Construction & Operation	Refurbishment and Demolition	Construction and Operation	Design & Construction	Design and Construction	Design and Construction	Design & Construction	Design & Construction
Mode of Assessment	Calculation of CO ₂	Criteria Checklist	Criteria Checklist	Criteria Checklist	Criteria Checklist Calculation of CO ₂	Calculation of GO ₂	Criteria Checklist	Criteria Checklist	Criteria Checklist	Criteria Checklist	Scoring System Criteria Checklist
Building Type © TPr. Noraic	Township	Township	Building	Building	Building	Building	Building	Township	Highway	Building	Building and Township

OVERVIEW OF LOW CARBON CITIES FRAMEWORK









DEVELOPER

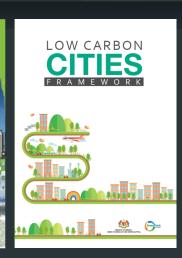
LCCF VERSION 1
Date Launch : SEPTEMBER 2011

LCCF VERSION 2
Date Launch: October 2017



Serves as a guide to uses on pertinent areas (elements) that contributes to the reduction of GHG emission. It comprises 4 key elements, 15 criteria and 41 subcriteria. This information would help the user identify areas in which they could target an overall carbon reduction.

FRAMEWORK



PART 01







PART 02

ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

An in built carbon calculator will help a user determine their current baseline. The user will then apply the various strategies recommended in the framework to achieve a reduction level

PART ONE: FRAMEWORK



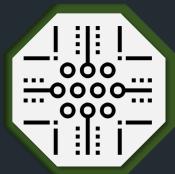
Elements

Performance Criteria

Sub Criteria

ELEMENTS







UE Urban U Urban Infrastructure UT Urban Transportation



Building

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA





UE Urban Environment

UE 1 - Site selection UE 2 - Urban form UE 3 - Urban greenery &

environmental quality

U Urban Infrastructure

UI 1 - Infrastructure provision

UI 2 - Waste

UI 3 - Energy

UI 4 - Waste management



UT Urban Transportation

UT 1 - Reduction use of private transportation on urban road network

UT 2 - Increase in public transport

UT 3 - Mode shift from private to public transport and non-motorised transport

UT 4 - **Use of low carbon transport**

UT 5 - Improvement to level of service of road links and junctions

UT 6 - Utilization of transit oriented development approach

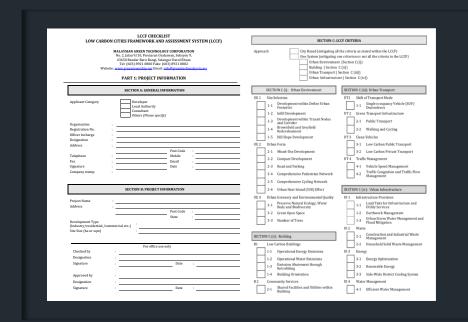


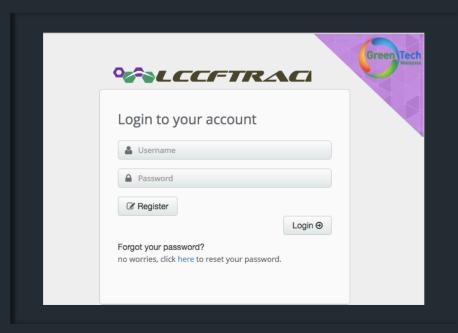
Building

B1-Sustainable energy management system B2-Low carbon building

PART TWO: ASSESSMENT SYSTEM







LCCF Checklist

CRITERIA BASED
- TO SHOW COMMITMENT

LCCF Track

PERFORMANCE BASED
- TO MEASURE CARBON EMISSION

SDG GOALS



LCCF DELIVERING TEN (10) SDG GOALS







