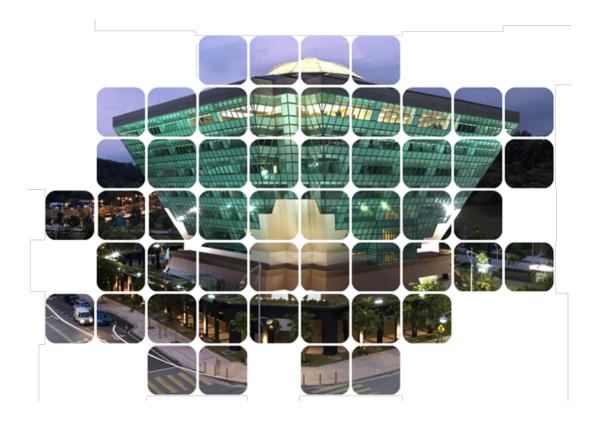






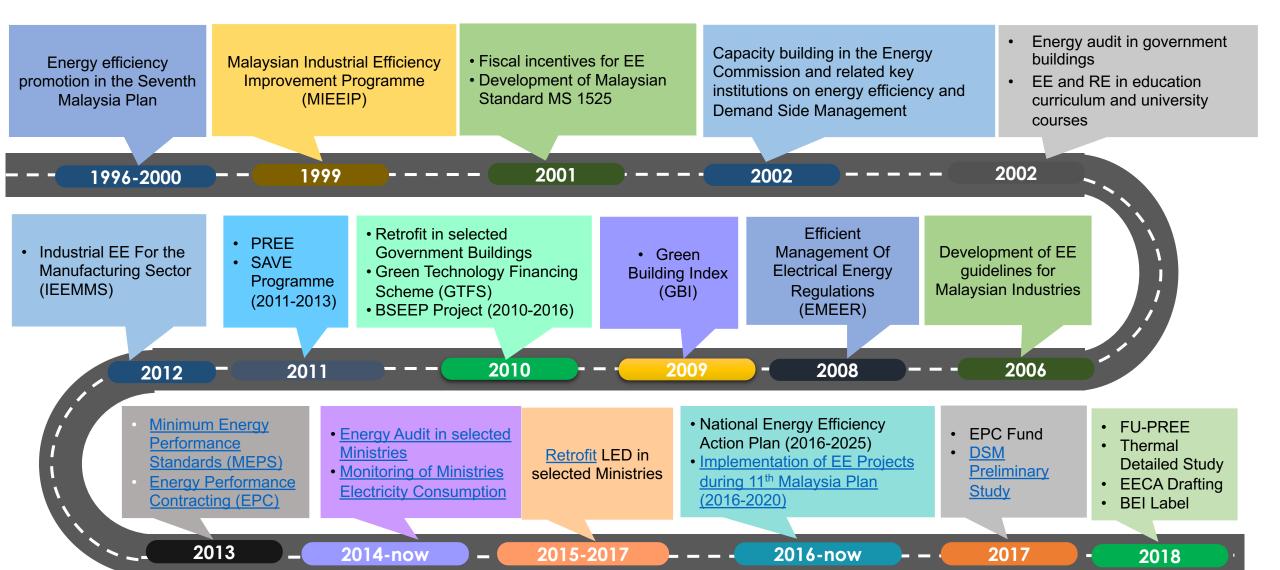
OVERVIEW OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN MALAYSIA







ENERGY EFFICIENCY INITIATIVES IN MALAYSIA







BASIC APPROACHES ON ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Economic measures

Implement efficient energy pricing, provide fiscal incentives

Persuasive measures

Create awareness/interest and disseminate information

Prescriptive measures

 Prescribe and regulate act, regulations, technical standards and guidelines

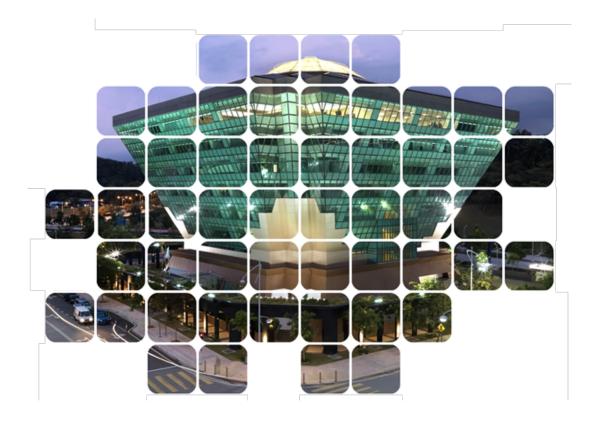
Research, development and demonstration

 Develop, demonstrate and commercialise new technologies and measures





ENERGY EFFICIENCY LEGAL FRAMEWORK







ENERGY EFFICIENCY LEGAL FRAMEWORK

ACTS OF PARLIAMENT

Energy Commission Act 2001

- ☐ To promote efficiency, economy and safety in the generation, production, transmission, distribution supply and use of electricity.
- ☐ To promote the use of renewable energy and the conservation of non-renewable energy.

Electricity Supply Act 1990

□ Part VA – Efficient use of electricity (Section 23A – Minister to determine standards, etc., Section 23B – Installation to meet requirements and Section 23C – Equipment to meet requirements.)

REGULATIONS – Power of the Minister to make regulations

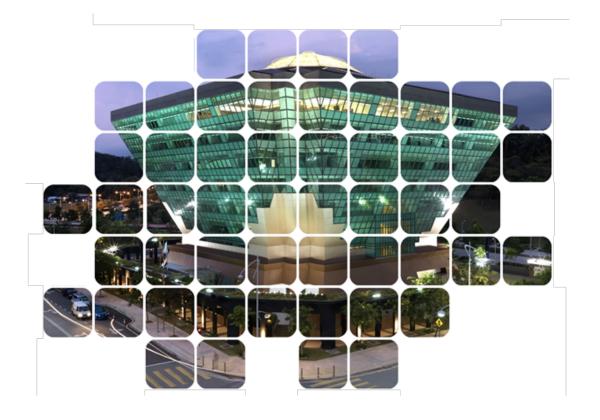
Electricity Regulations 1994

□Amendment 2013 - Implementation and Enforcement of Minimum Energy Performance Standards (MEPS) for 5 Domestic Electrical Products; Air Conditioner, Refrigerator, Television, Domestic Fan and Lighting (Regulation 97, Regulation 101A, 109 A(1), 109 A(2)) **Efficient Management of Electrical Energy Regulations 2008**





EFFICIENT
MANAGEMENT OF
ELECTRICAL
ENERGY
REGULATION 2008
(EMEER 2008)





Suruhanjaya Tenaga

EFFICIENT MANAGEMENT OF ELECTRICAL **ENERGY REGULATION 2008 (EMEER 2008)**

Consumer

Any installation which receives electrical energy from a licensee or supply authority– Consume equal or exceeding 3,000,000 kWh any period of 6 consecutive months

Generator

Installation worked or operated by a private installation licensee-Generate equal or exceeding **3,000,000 kWh** any period of 6 consecutive months

Duties and Responsibilities of Affected Installation







REGISTERED ELECTRICAL ENERGY MANAGERS (REEM)



Qualification

- ☐ Malaysian citizen aged 23 years and above.
- □ Professional Engineer with at least 6 months working experience in Electrical Energy Efficiency; or
- □ Degree in Science/ Engineering / Architecture with at least 1 year working experience in Electrical Energy Efficiency; or
- □ Hold a Certificate of Competency as an Electrical Services Engineer or as a Competent Electrical Engineer with at least 9 months working experience in Electrical Energy Efficiency; and
- Demonstrates knowledge of the requirements of the Act and these Regulations that satisfies the Commission

Functions and Duties

- ☐ To audit and analyze the total electrical energy consumption
- ☐ To advise in developing and implementing measures to ensure efficient management of electrical energy at the installation
- ☐ To monitor effective implementation of the measures
- ☐ To supervise the keeping of records on efficient management electrical at the installation (verify the accuracy of the record)
- ☐ To ensure timely submission of information and reports under the regulations







EMEER 2008 ACTIVITY

Enforcement of EMEER 2008

Enforcement to the installation who did not comply to the EMEER 2008.

Energy Management Information System (EMIS)

Online web based reporting portal for owner of facility under EMEER 2008 to submit their periodic report every 6 months



Energy Management Audit

Audit to the installation that already comply to the EMEER 2008 to ensure project reported are correct.

Continuous monitoring of EMEER 2008

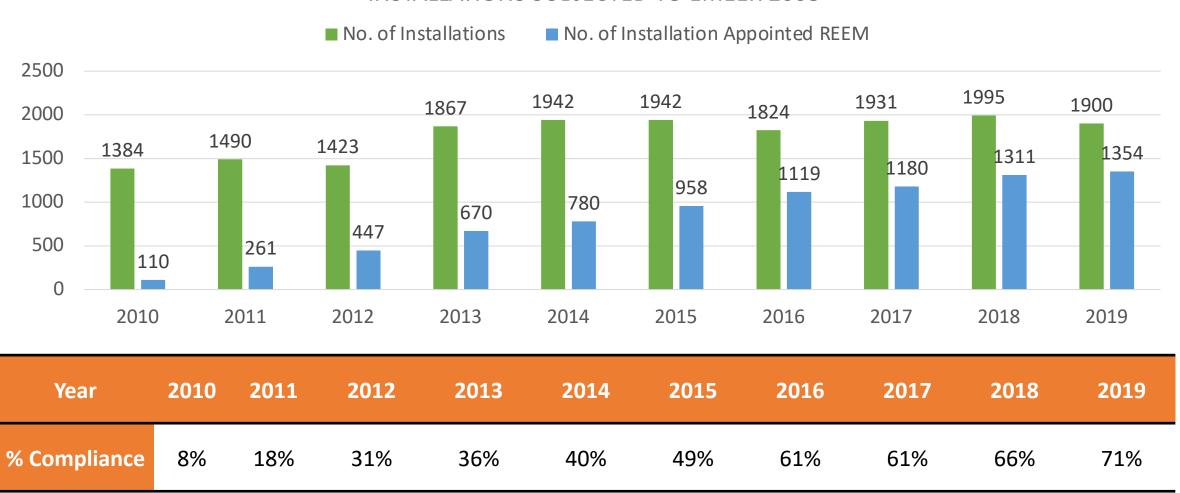
EC will monitor closely the compliance aspect of the affected user and monitor the performance progress using the info submitted through the online system





EMEER 2008 STATUS

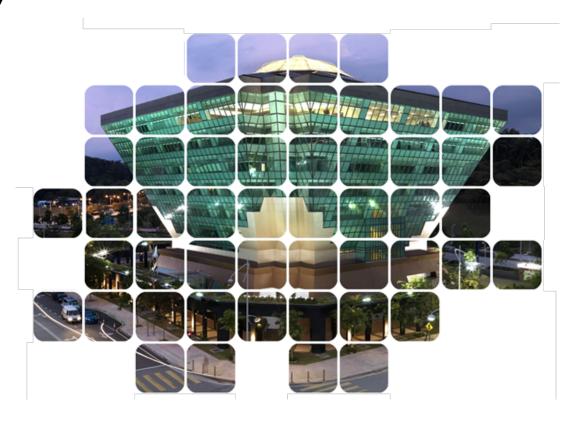
INSTALLATIONS SUBJECTED TO EMEER 2008







MINIMUM ENERGY PERFORMANCE STANDARD (MEPS)







MEPS DEVELOPMENT - APPLIANCES

Enforcement of MEPS

Implementation and Enforcement of MEPS is for 5 selected Domestic Electrical Products (Air Conditioner, Refrigerator, Television, Domestic Fan and Lighting).

Malaysian Standard (MS) for MEPS

MS for MEPS for 5 appliances is published online.



3rd May 2013

4th May 2014

20th Jan 2015

Amendment of the Electricity Regulations 1994

Amendment to include MEPS in the regulation

Energy Rating Label

From May 2014 onwards, 4 domestic appliances (Air Conditioner, Refrigerator, Television, Domestic Fan) out of 5 must be affixed with a Energy Rating Label apart from the safety label



For lighting, the packaging for Light Emitting Diode (LED) lamps need to have the efficacy value together with the number of hours the LED has been tested

i) After completing first 1,000 hours test

ii) After completing 6,000 hours test

Efficacy Value: 55 lm/W Sundanyer Tenaga

Efficacy Value: 55 lm/W Survivanjaya Taraga Employ Community

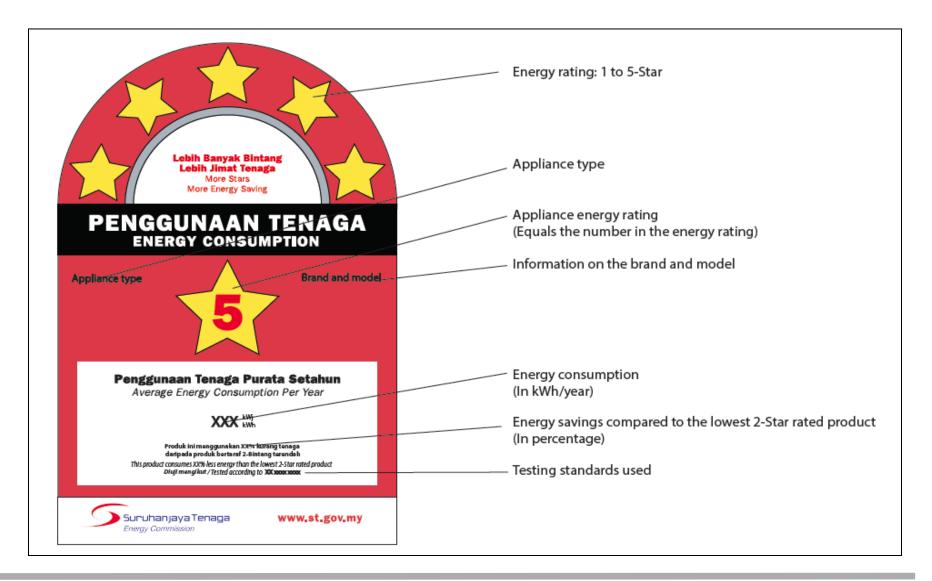
This product has been tested up to 6000 hours

For other types of lamp, the packaging only need to have the efficacy value.





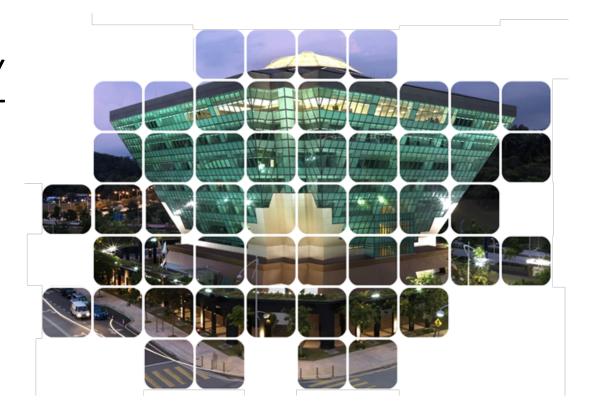
ENERGY RATING LABEL







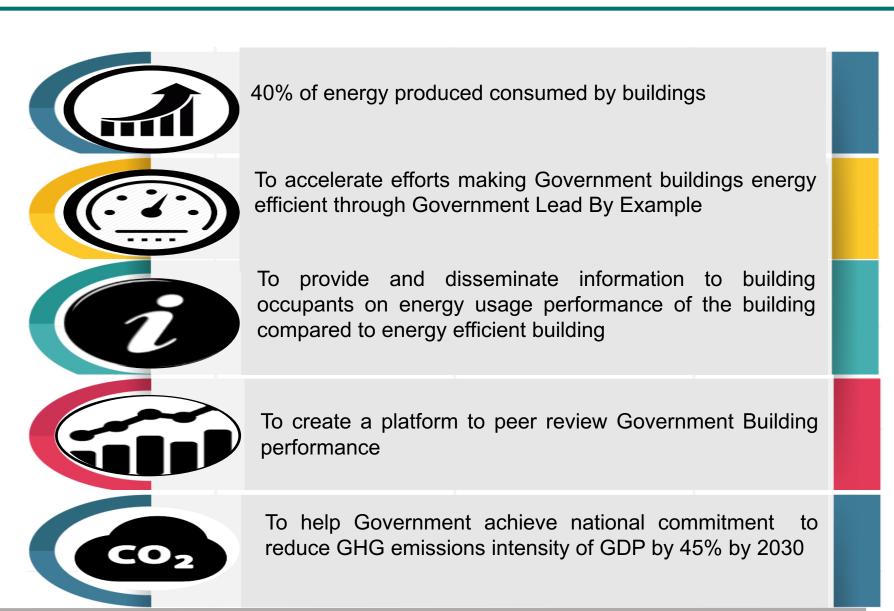
BUILDING ENERGY INTENSITY (BEI) LABEL IN GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS







BENEFITS OF BEI LABELLING







BUILDING ENERGY LABEL

BEI definition:

- Ratio of annual energy consumption of a building to the Net Floor Area measured in kWh/ m²/year
- BEI (kWh/m²/year) =

 $\frac{Annual\ Energy\ Consumption\ (kWh/Tahun)}{NFA\ (m^2)}$

- BEI: Indicates the intensity of energy used for a 1 meter square of a building in a year
- BEI is an international standard used as an indicator of a building efficiency.

Building Energy Label:

Building category: Office/Hospital/University/ School & others



Star rating:

1 star: Not efficient 5 star: Most efficient

Building energy performance Unit: kWh/m²/year





Suruhanjaya Tenaga Energy Commission PROPOSED STAR RATING AND BEI RANGE VALUE FOR **GOVERNMENT OFFICE BUILDINGS**

STAR RATING	BEI RANGE VALUE
5-Star	BEI ≤ 100
4-Star	100 < BEI ≤ 130
3-Star	130 < BEI ≤ 160
2-Star	160 < BEI ≤ 250
1-Star	BEI > 250





BEI LABELLING IMPLEMENTATION PHASE

2018

100 Government office buildings (NFA > 8,000 m² and or >1million kWh/year)

2019-2022

1,900 Government Buildings:

i. Office Buildings

ii. Hospitals

iii.Universities

iv.Polytechnics

v.Schools

2023 Onwards

3,000++ Government Buildings:

- Office Buildings
- Hospitals
- Universities
- Polytechnics
- Schools



IMPACTS OF BEI LABELLING 2018-2023++

MAJOR IMPACTS

Each building is expected to improve the Star Rating to at least 1 Star above current rating within 3-5 years

ESTIMATED SAVING























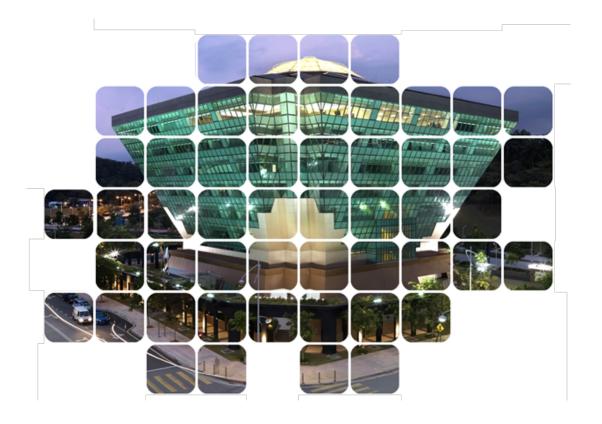
National Building Energy Label will be the first move to assist Government buildings to be certified as Green Building

WAY FORWARD





WAY FORWARD FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN MALAYSIA







WAY FORWARD FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY (EE) IN MALAYSIA

FUNDING MECHANISM

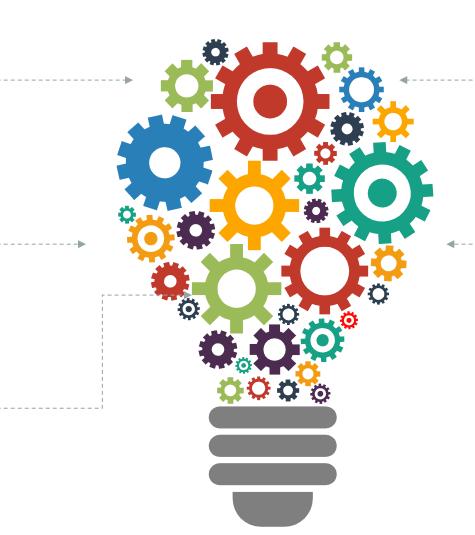
Establish effective and sustainable funding mechanism for EE projects

CAPACITY

Establish effective and sustainable funding mechanism for EE projects

ENFORCEMENT

Intensify enforcement of EE legislation



POLICY & LEGAL FRAMEWORK

Strengthen and streamline policy as well as legal and institutional framework – Enactment of new Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act (Electrical and Thermal)

AWARENESS

Foster EE culture among industry stakeholders and the public



Thank you

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