# GREEN BUILDINGS AS CATALYST FOR LOW CARBON CITIES

GREEN BUILDINGS MAKE GREEN CITIES (LOW CARBON CITIES)

1st SEPTEMBER 2020. MGTC WEBINAR. KUALA LUMPUR



malaysiagbc

Immediate Past President Malaysia GBC Green Building Council Past President PAM – Malaysian Inst of Architects

# SIX KEY GREEN BUILDING ACTIONS FOR LOW CARBON CITIES

- 1. Green Buildings for Green Cities
- 2. Planning for Green Cities
- 3. Cooler Buildings for Cooler Cities
- 4. Sustainable Landscaping & Heat Island Effect
- 5. Zero Waste Construction through BIM IBS
- 6. Public Participation MGBC & WGBC Roles



# 1

# GREEN BUILDINGS FOR GREEN CITIES GREEN CITIES ARE LOW CARBON CITIES



# WHAT IS A GREEN BUILDING? GBI THE RIGHT TOOL





# WHAT is a Green Building?

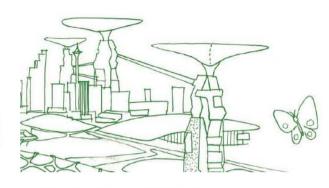
A Green building focuses on increasing the efficiency of resource use – energy, water, and materials – while reducing building impact on human health and the environment during the building's lifecycle, through better sitting, design, construction, operation, maintenance, and removal. Green Buildings should be designed and operated to reduce the overall impact of the built environment on its surroundings.





# WHY Green Buildings?

- Green buildings are designed to save energy and resources, recycle materials and minimise the emission of toxic substances throughout its life cycle.
- Green buildings harmonise with the local climate, traditions, culture and the surrounding environment.
- Green buildings are able to sustain and improve the quality of human life whilst maintaining the capacity of the ecosystem at local and global levels.
- Green buildings make efficient use of resources, have significant operational savings and increases workplace productivity.
- Building green sends the right message about a company or organisation that it is well run, responsible, and committed to the future.







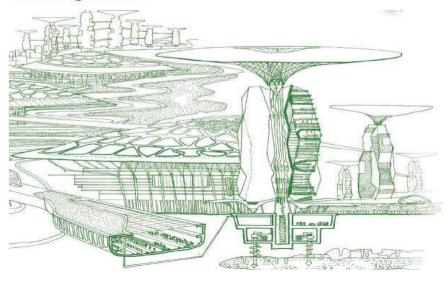
# What is the ?

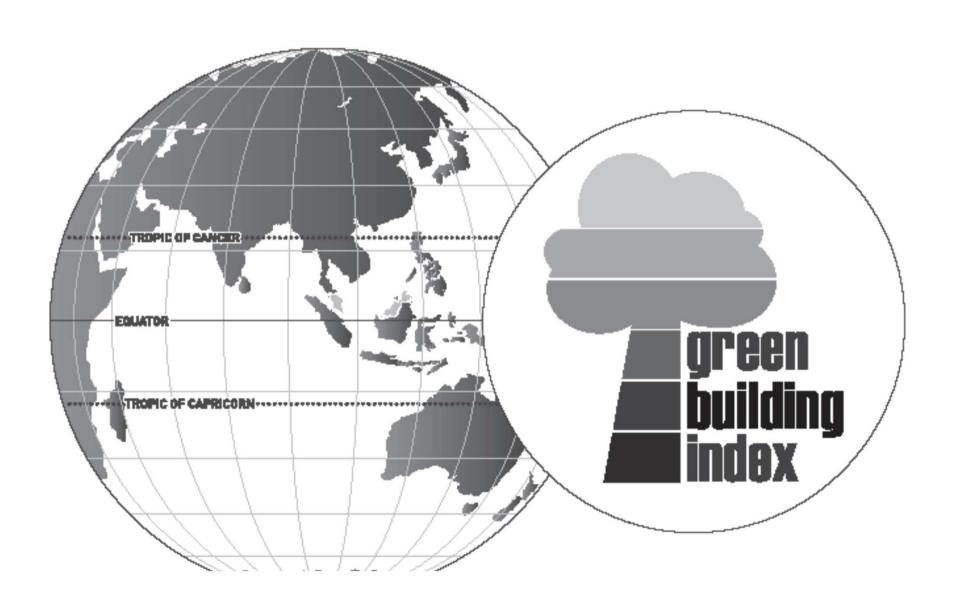
The Green Building Index (GBI) is Malaysia's industry recognised green rating tool for buildings to promote sustainability in the built environment and raise awareness among Developers, Architects, Engineers, Planners, Designers, Contractors and the Public about environmental issues and our responsibility to the future generations.

The GBI rating tool provides an opportunity for developers and building owners to design and construct green, sustainable buildings that can provide energy savings, water savings, a healthier indoor environment, better connectivity to public transport and the adoption of recycling and greenery for their projects and reduce our impact on the environment.

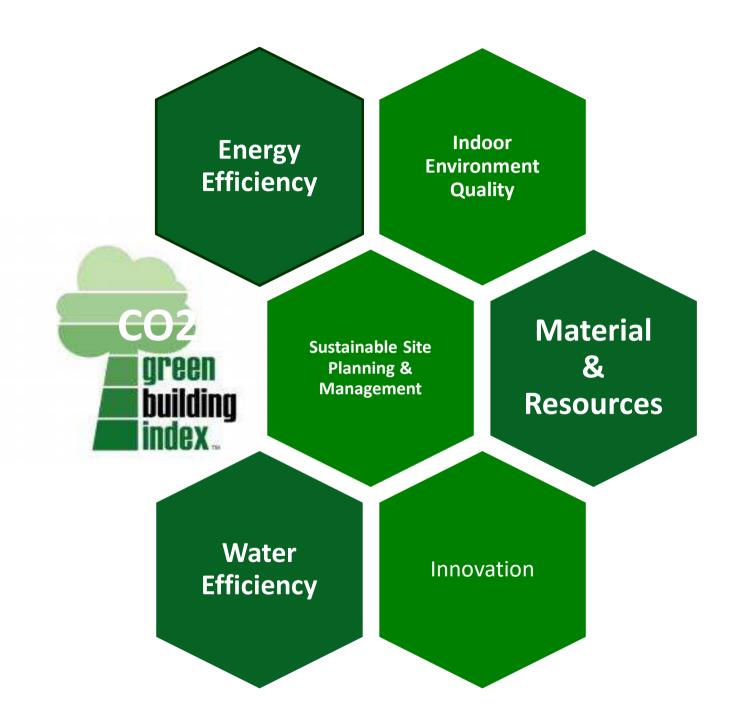
GBI is developed specifically for the Malaysian-tropical climate, environmental and developmental context, cultural and social needs and is created to:

- Define green buildings by establishing a common language and standard of measurement;
- Promote integrated, whole-building designs that provides a better environment for all;
- Recognise and reward environmental leadership;
- Transform the built environment to reduce its negative environmental impact; and
- Ensure new buildings remain relevant in the future and existing buildings are refurbished and upgraded to improve the overall quality of our building stock.





- Australia: Nabers / Green Star
- Brazil: AQUA / LEED Brasil
- Canada: LEED Canada / Green Globes
- China: GBAS
- Finland: PromisE
- France: HQE
- Germany: DGNB / CEPHEUS
- Hong Kong: HKBEAM
- India: GRIHA
- Italy: Protocollo Itaca / Green Building Counsil Italia
- Malaysia: GBI Malaysia
- Mexico: LEED Mexico
- Netherlands: BREEAM Netherlands
- New Zealand: Green Star NZ
- Philippines: BERDE / Philippine Green Building Council
- Portugal: Lider A
- Singapore: Green Mark
- South Africa: Green Star SA
- Spain: VERDE
- Switzerland: Minergie
- United States: LEED / Living Building Challenge / Green Globes / Build it Green / NAHB NGBS
- United Kingdom: BREEAM
- United Arab Emirates: Estidama





### THE GBI RATING TOOLS

#### **NON-RESIDENTIAL**

The GBI Non-Residential Rating tool evaluates the sustainable aspects of buildings that are commercial, institutional and industrial in nature. This includes factories, offices, hospitals, universities, colleges, hotels and shopping complexes.

Of the six criteria that make up the GBI rating, emphasis is placed on energy efficiency and indoor environmental quality as these have the greatest impact in the areas of energy use and well-being of the occupants and users of the building.

By improving on the efficiency of active (mechanical and electrical) systems as well as incorporating good passive designs together with proper sustainable maintenance regimes, significant reductions in consumed energy can be realised. This can lead to a reduced carbon footprint and also offers long-term savings for the building owners.

#### **GBI POINTS ALLOCATION CHART (NON-RESIDENTIAL)**



PART	ITEM	MAXIMUM POINTS		
1	Energy Efficiency	35		
2	Indoor Environmental Quality	21		
3	Sustainable Site Planning & Management	16		
4	Material & Resources	11		
5	Water Efficiency	10		
6	Innovation	7		
	TOTAL SCORE	100		

### THE GBI RATING TOOLS

#### RESIDENTIAL

The GBI Residential Rating tool evaluates the sustainable aspects of residential buildings. This includes linked houses, apartments, condominiums, townhouses, semi-detached and bungalows.

This tool places more emphasis on sustainable site planning & management, followed by energy efficiency. This serves to encourage developers and home owners to consider the environmental quality of homes and their inhabitants through better site selection, provisions of public transport access, increased community services and connectivity, as well as improved infrastructure.

Such achievement will help reduce the negative impact to the environment and create a better and safer place for residents and the community as a whole.

#### GBI POINTS ALLOCATION CHART (RESIDENTIAL)



PART	ITEM	MAXIMUM POINTS		
1	Energy Efficiency	23		
2	Indoor Environmental Quality	11		
3	Sustainable Site Planning & Management	39		
4	Material & Resources	9		
5	Water Efficiency	12		
6	Innovation	6		
	TOTAL SCORE	100		



# BENCHMARKING THE FUTURE FROM THE PAST 2009-2019





FIRST EDITION | APRIL 2009 | VERSION 1.0

www.greenbuildingindex.org | info@greenbuildingindex.org

GREENBUILDINGINDEX SDN BHD (845666-V) 4 & 6 Jalan Tangsi, 50480 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Tel 603 2693 4182 Fax 603 2692 8782

www.greenbuildingindex.org | info@greenbuildingindex.org GREENBUILDINGINDEX SDN BHD (845666-V) 4 & 6 Jalan Tangsi, 50480 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Tel 603 2693 4182 Fax 603 2692 8782





## NEW LIFE FOR OLD

**PLUGGING THE LEAKS IN EXISTING BUILDINGS** 

### GBI - EXISTING BUILDING RATING TOOL





YAB DATO' SRI MOHD NAJIB BIN TUN HAJI ABDUL RAZAK

I wish to congratulate Pertubuhan Akitek Malaysia (PAM) and the Association of Consulting Engineers Malaysia (ACEM) for the launch of the new Green Building Index (GBI) tool to help property owners to upgrade their existing buildings to become more "Green" and sustainable

This is an important step as we press towards a High Income Economy. To achieve this vision we have to plug the leaks to reduce unwanted losses and unplanned wastages. We cannot afford to have buildings that continue to use too much resources and energy whilst at the same time contribute wastes and harmful green house gasses that damages the environment. This GBI tool can also help to transform all aging and inefficient buildings to become higher value assets.

The Government's commitment to a greener future is clear. Incentives in the form of tax exemption for building owners, and stamp duty exemptions for buyers of properties that achieve GBI certification have been provided in Budget 2010. These are to help the country to build more Green buildings and also to develop more Green Technologies.

In addition, GBI Malaysia is a good example of how the private sector, professionals and NGOs can work together to come up with an internationally accepted standard for Green Buildings in the tropics. We appreciate and encourage more of such innovation and creative input.

I support and wish you every success in its implementation.

"1 MALAYSIA" People First. Performance Now.



YAB DATO' SRI MOHD NAJIB



YB DATO' SRI PETER CHIN FAH KUI MINISTER OF ENERGY, GREEN TECHNOLOGY AND WATER MALAYSIA

Congratulations to Pertubuhan Akitek Malaysia and Association of Consulting Engineers Malaysia for the launch of the new GBI Existing Building Rating Tool.

As the majority of existing buildings in Malaysia were built without green considerations, it is timely that GBI has developed a tool to help property owners to upgrade and retro-fit their buildings. This will give new life to aging and out-dated buildings. They will become more energy, water and resource efficient, have better indoor working qualities and also contribute less waste and green house gases.

The Ministry of Energy, Green Technology and Water is fully supportive of all such contributions and inputs to help drive the development of Green Technology in Malaysia. I am pleased to note that GBI has received the full support of Malaysia's building and property players. Incentives for GBI in the 2010 Budget will further propel the development of more green buildings in Malaysia.

In a short time, GBI has become recognised by the world community as Malaysia's very own green rating tool. It gives building owners who are environment-conscious, as well as business-savvy, the opportunity to build or retro-fit buildings that are not only environmentally more friendly but also make economic sense.

Well done PAM, ACEM and GBI.



YB DATO' SRI PETER CHIN FAH KUI

#### **GBI CERTIFIED PROJECTS**

NO.	PROJECT NAME	OWNER/APPLICANT	<b>GBI RATING</b>	CATEGORY
01	PTM GEO BUILDING	PUSAT TENAGA MALAYSIA	CERTIFIED	NRNC
02	KRC SALES GALLERY	KAJANG RESOURCES CORPORATION SDN BHD	CERTIFIED (DA)	NRNC
03	1 FIRST AVENUE	BANDAR UTAMA CITY SDN BHD	GOLD (DA)	NRNC
04	MENARA WORLDWIDE	CENTRAL HOLDINGS BERHAD	CERTIFIED (DA)	NRNC
05	3 HARMONI	SUNWAY SPK HOMES SDN BHD	CERTIFIED (DA)	RNC
06	S11 HOUSE	DR TAN LOKE MUN & CHEW MAY-ANN	PLATINUM (DA)	RNC
07	KEN BANGSAR	KEN PROPERTY SDN BHD	GOLD (DA)	RNC







BANGUNAN PERDANA PUTRA | NREB | PLATINUM

# **SUSTAINABLE TOWNSHIPS**

#### **BUILDING BETTER GREEN COMMUNITIES**

### What is a Sustainable Township?

Sustainable Townships are livable places that meet the diverse needs of the community, both now and in the future. They are places that are well planned and designed, safe and secure, and enhances the surrounding environment, thus providing a high quality of life for the people who live, work and play there.

#### Drivers for Sustainable Development

Climate change and the impacts of global warming, have forced both governments and industry to make substantial changes to the way that they operate and function – the old business-as-usual adage is no longer acceptable in anyone's language.

In recognition of this, the Malaysian Government has taken a significant step forward, especially as a developing nation, by committing to a minimum reduction of 40% of its carbon emissions by 2020 (based on 2005 carbon emission levels).

It must be noted, that the reduction of carbon emissions is only part of the solution, there is a clear need for a holistic approach to addressing sustainability issues, an approach that incorporates both mitigation and adaptation measures.

Countries throughout the globe have adopted various approaches and strategies for addressing climate change and driving sustainable development. The Malaysian Government has set a range of ambitious policies and targets – what is now needed is a vehicle for the implementation and delivery of projects that support the government's goals.

### What is the GBI Township Tool?

Green Rating tools are conceived to be able to assist architects, planners, designers, builders, property owners, government bodies, developers and end users to understand the impact of each design choice and solution towards being more environment-friendly.

The Malaysian Green Building Index was created to provide the building industry a common and verifiable mechanism to benchmark green property development.

The GBI Township Tool takes it to another level and sets out a vision for sustainability within the built environment and provides guidance to assist end users to deliver sustainable townships.

### GBI Township Tool Points Allocation Chart



#### Core categories for the delivery of Sustainable Townships in Malaysia

#### 1 Climate, Energy & Water



Sustainable Townships are balanced in their ongoing production and consumption of energy and water

They aim for zero net carbon emissions – by maximising passive design principles, minimising the impact of heat island effect, minimising energy consumption, adopting onsite energy generation, utilising renewable energy technologies such as co-generation and micro-generation.

They are water neutral – through the reduction of mains water consumption, rainwater harvesting and greywater recycling.

#### Community Planning & Design



Sustainable Townships are planned and designed for the benefit of the community

They are created using an integrated approach to master planning and best practice urban design principles emphasising people priority and greenspaces.

Such goals help create a strong sense of place for communities – resulting in more livable and diverse neighbourhoods.

#### Building & Resources



Sustainable Townships have a lower impact on resources – by applying the 'more from less' principle

They emphasise the need to minimise the use of highly resource intensive materials by using a life cycle approach.

They make effective use of local materials and resources for the construction of new communities.

#### Ecology & Environment



Sustainable Townships respect their surrounding environment and native ecological systems

They are sensitive to the needs of the local ecology & biodiversity and aims to preserve and enhance the ecological value of the natural environment.

They assist in stabilising land – subsidence by reducing the impact of flooding and erosion.

#### Transportation & Connectivity



Sustainable Townships are well-connected places that have a broad range of transportation options

They have excellent accessibility, connectivity and are well linked to surrounding districts.

They make good use of existing transport links and make priority and provision for future services – such as rail, bus and cycling networks.

#### Business & Innovation



Sustainable Townships are tailored to respond to local needs in creating business and employment whilst incorporating innovative solutions

They provide employment opportunities for its residents to work closer to their homes and schools. They provide avenues for businesses to form and florish.

They demonstrate best practices through the implementation of innovative technologies and solutions at many different levels of the township.























HEREBY REGISTERS

#### **ELMINA EAST**

SIME DARBY PROPERTY BERHAD

AS

#### **PILOT PROJECT**

FOR THE

#### **GBI TOWNSHIP TOOL**

29 MARCH 2011



AR. BOON CHE WEE

CHURMAN

OREEN BUILDING INDEX (08) ACCREDITATION PANEL

GREENBUILDINGINGES SON BHD 1345646-VI 4 6 6 Jalan Tangsi, 50499 Kusib Lumpur, Palaysis Tel 600 2894 4382 Fax 600 2897 4382 www.graeph.aidingindes.com | Intelligenethalidingindes.com





green building index

# GREEN



GBI INDUSTRIAL NEW CONSTRUCTION (INC)
&
GBI INDUSTRIAL EXISTING BUILDING (IEB)
RATING TOOLS

7 June 2011





## **GBI Tool Development 2009 - 2019**

- 1. Residential New Construction (RNC) Version 1
- 2. Non-Residential New Construction (NRNC)
- 3. Non-Residential Existing Building (NREB)
- 4. Township
- 5. Industrial New Construction (INC)
- 6. Industrial Existing Building (IEB)
- 7. NRNC: Retail
- 8. NREB: Retail
- 9. NRNC: Data Centre
- 10. NREB: Data Centre
- 11. Residential New Const (RNC) Version 3
- 12. GBI Hotel & Resort Tool
- 13. NRNC: Hospital Tool
- 14. NREB: Hospital Tool
- 15. Township 2 Tool BEIT2 & WE Cal
- 16. NREB Historic Tool

21st May 2009

21st May 2009

28th April 2010

29th March 2011

7th June 2011

7th June 2011

21st May 2011

21st May 2011

11th January 2012

21st February 2013

11th July 2013

27th February 2014

23rd September 2015

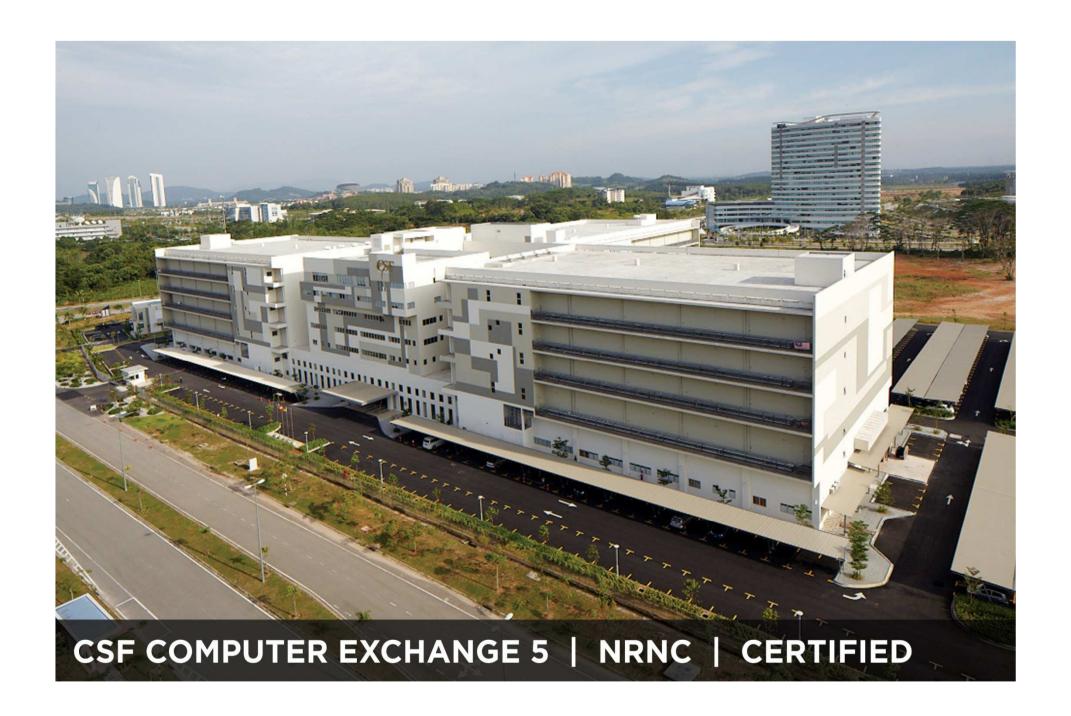
23rd September 2015

13<sup>th</sup> July 2018

25<sup>th</sup> August 2018











Registered & Certified GBI Green Buildings 2009 - 2019

## GBI PROJECTS LISTING As of 28 February 2019

	NRNC	RNC	NREB	INC	IEB	ID	Т	Total
Applied	504	334	27	37	6	1	25	934
Registered	466	317	24	32	5	1	24	869
DA	184	128	6	6	2	0	12	338
CVA	51	60	7	4	2	1	0	125
RVA	11	0	2	3	0	0	0	16
Total Certified	246	188	15	13	4	1	12	479

Source : GBI

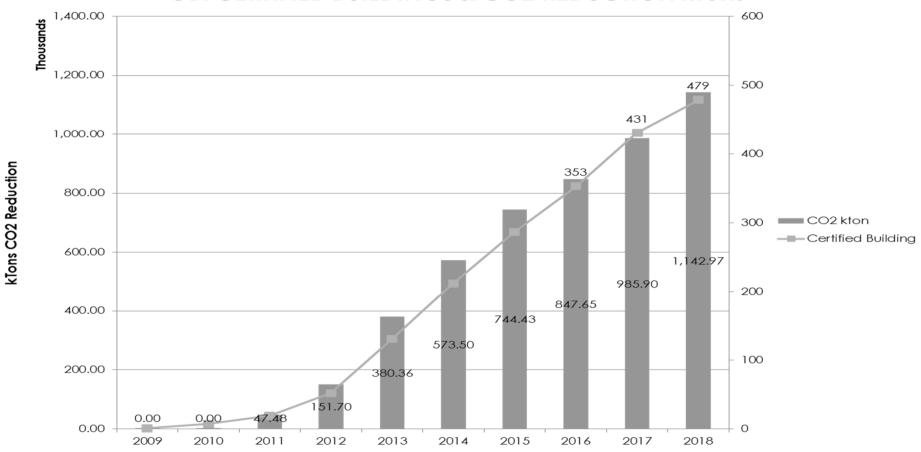
## GBI PROJECT REGISTER - BY CATEGORIES

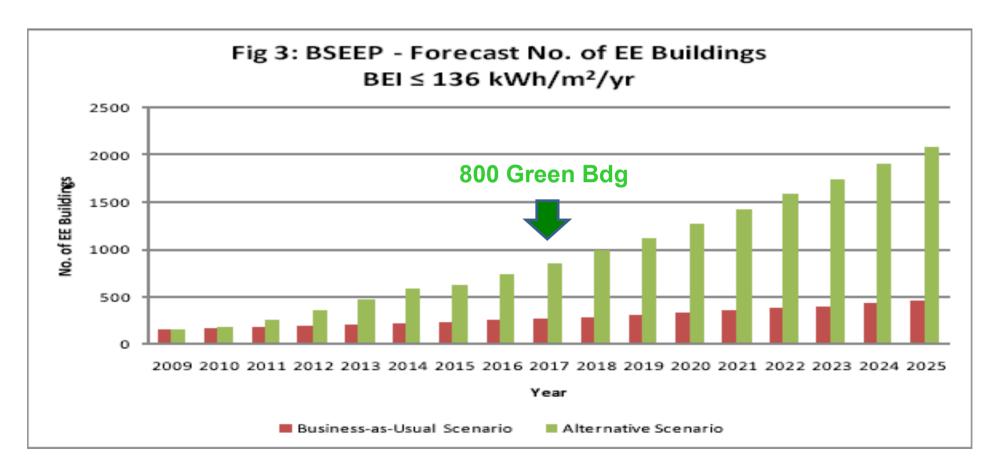
Stage	Applied	Registered	Total Certified	Provisional Certification DA	Final Certification CVA	Renewal Certification RVA
NRNC	504	466	246 (51%)	184	51	11
RNC	334	317	188 (39%)	128	60	0
INC	37	32	13 (3%)	6	4	3
NREB	27	24	15 (3%)	6	7	2
IEB	6	5	4 (1%)	2	2	0
ID	1	1	1 (1%)	0	1	0
Т	25	24	12 (2%)	12	0	0
<b>Total as of</b> 28 February 2019	934	869	479 (100%)	338	125	16

### GBI PROJECT REGISTRY -BY RATING LEVEL

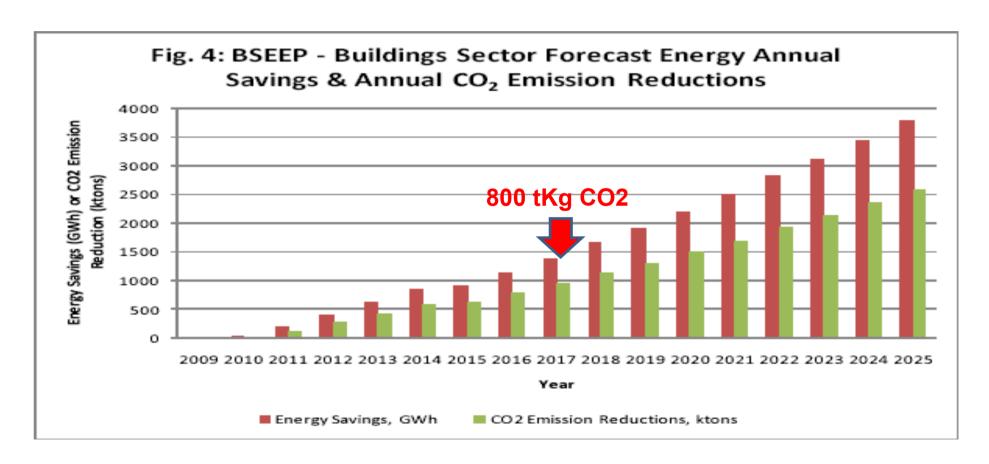
Rating Level	NRNC	RNC	INC	NREB	IEB	ID	т	<b>Total as of</b> 28 February 2019
PLATINUM	11	6	-	1	-	-	1	19 (4%)
GOLD	60	37	2	1	1	1	3	105 (22%)
SILVER	29	17	1	2	-	-	4	53 (11%)
CERTIFIED	146	128	10	11	3	-	4	302 (63%)
Total Certified	246	188	13	15	4	1	12	479

#### **GBI CERTIFIED BUILDINGS & CO2 REDUCTION kTons**



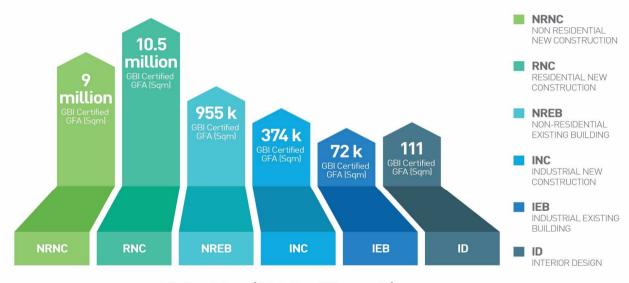


Source: BSEEP Malaysia Final Project Document



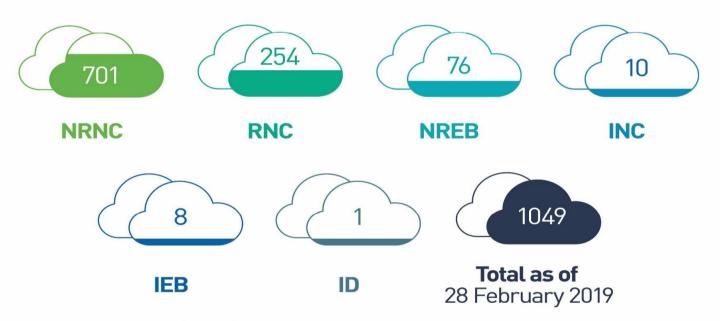
Source: BSEEP Malaysia Final Project Document

## GROSS FLOOR AREA (GFA) OF GBI RATED BUILDINGS



Total as of 28 February 2019: 20.8 million (224.2 million sqft)

### CARBON DIOXIDE (CO2) EMISSION REDUCTION OF GBI RATED BUILDINGS



 $CO_2$  Emission Reduction : (kt $CO_2$ e/annum, based on electricity energy reduction only @ 1kWh = 0.694 kg  $CO_2$  - Peninsular / 0.699 kg  $CO_2$  - Sarawak / 0.536 kg  $CO_2$  - Sabah )

## GBI PROJECTS BY STATE/TERRITORIES

	Kuala Lumpur	Selangor	Penang	Putrajaya	Johor	Melaka	Sarawak	Sabah	Perak
Nos. Registered	265	310	92	38	80	18	16	12	8
Nos. Rated	179	157	45	27	37	8	7	3	4

	Pahang	Negeri Sembilan	Kelantan	Kedah	Perlis	Terengganu	Labuan	Total
Nos. Registered	10	11	2	7	-	-	-	869
Nos. Rated	3	7	-	2	-	-	-	479

## GBI PROJECT REGISTER -BY STATE / TERRITORIES



Total GBI Registered Projects by State / Territory: 869

## GBI PROJECT RATED -BY STATE / TERRITORIES



Total GBI Rated Projects by State / Territory: 479

#### KEY INFORMATION SOURCE FOR GREEN BUILDINGS

## www.greenbuildingindex.org

#### WHAT IS THE GREEN BUILDING INDEX?

The Green Building Index (GBI) is Malaysia's industry recognised green rating tool for buildings to promote sustainability in the built environment and raise awareness among Developers, Architects, Engineers, Planners, Designers, Contractors and the Public about environmental issues and our responsibility to the future generations.

The GBI rating tool provides an opportunity for developers and building owners to design and construct green, sustainable buildings that can provide energy savings, water savings, a healthier indoor environment, better connectivity to public transport and the adoption of recycling and greenery for their projects and reduce our impact on the environment.





## PLANNING FOR GREEN CITIES GREEN CITIES ARE LOW CARBON CITIES





#### NON-RESIDENTIAL NEW CONSTRUCTION (NRNC)

## SUSTAINABLE SITE PLANNING & MANAGEMENT (SM)

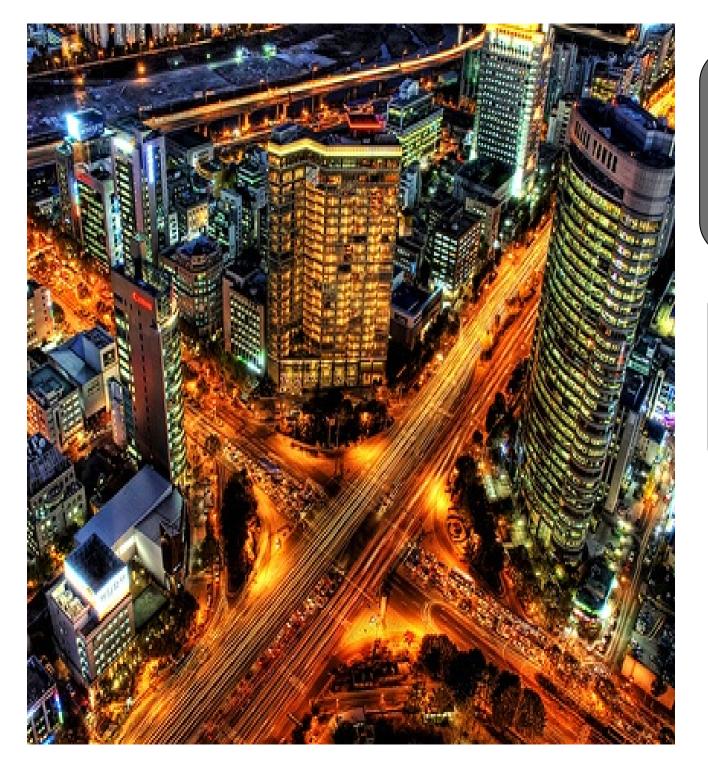
SM	SUSTAINABLE SITE PLANNING & MANAGEMENT					
Site Planning						
SM1	Site Selection					
SM2	Brownfield Redevelopment	1				
SM3	Development Density & Community Connectivity	2				
SM4	Environment Management	2				
Construct	tion Management					
SM5	Earthworks - Construction Activity Pollution Control	1				
SM6	QLASSIC	1				
SM7	Workers' Site Amenities					
Transport	ation					
SM8	Public Transportation Access	1				
SM9	Green Vehicle Priority	1				
SM10	Parking Capacity	1				
Design						
SM11	Stormwater Design – Quantity & Quality Control	1				
SM12	Greenery & Roof	2				
SM13	Building User Manual 1					





"Countries will not meet emission reduction targets unless energy efficiency gains in the building sector are implemented. Due to the lifespan of buildings, failure to act now on energy efficiency and low carbon technologies will lock in detrimental energy and carbon impacts for decades"

- United Nations' Statement at Cancun Climate Summit, 2010



80%

of GHGs in cities

>50% of the worlds population live in cities

Cities occupy just

 $2^{0}/_{0}$  of the

world's landmass

## MALAYSIAN ISSUES AND CHALLENGES



Rapid urbanization and affluent (high carbon) lifestyle



Relatively high carbon intensity dependence on fossil fuel



**High Private car ownership** 



Low density development and urban sprawl



Low efficiency appliances

### **CURRENT GREEN POLICIES IN MALAYSIA**

### National Green Technology Policy 2009

- Energy, Building , Water and waste management and Transportation

### Malaysia Budget 2010-2011

- Developing Putrajaya and Cyberjaya as pioneer township in green technology

### National policy on Climate Change

 Roadmap for Malaysia to achieve 40% reduction of GHG emission by 2020

### Green Neighborhood Guidelines – JPBD 2010

-Smart location, Neighbourhood pattern and design, Green Infrastructure.

Green Township Framework –Guide Towards LC Cities 2010- MIP

## CURRENT SPATIAL PLANNING IN MALAYSIA AND GREEN CITIES CONSIDERATION

National Physical Planning(NPP2005)

**National Urbanization Policy** 

**Development plans** 

- State Structure Plans
- Local Plans

**Development Control/ Planning approval** 

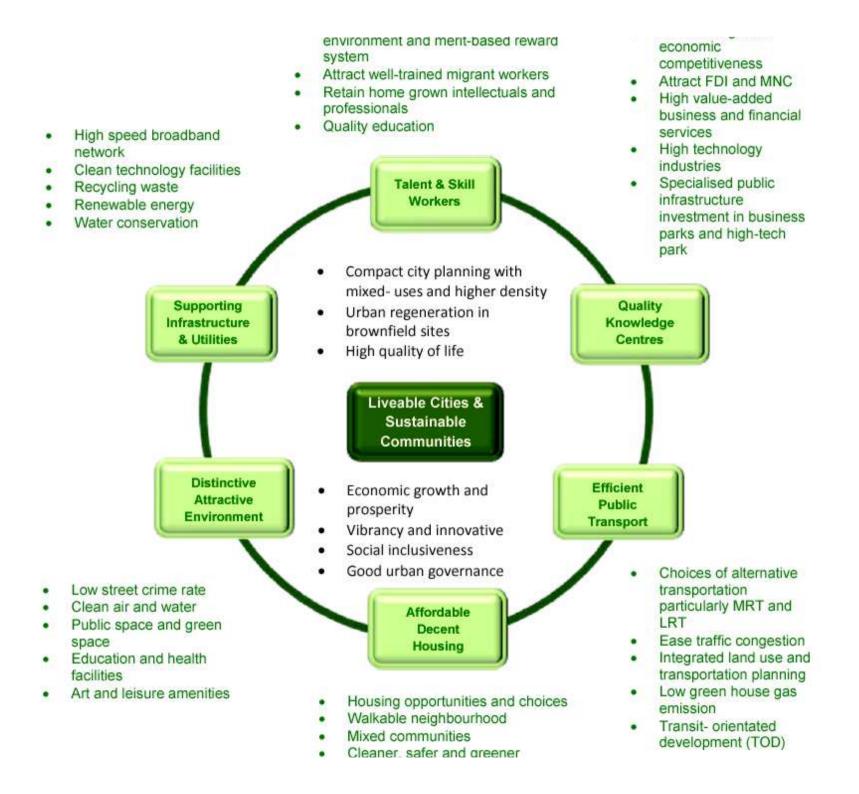
Green Neighborhood Guidelines – JPBD 2010

## CURRENT SPATIAL PLANNING IN MALAYSIA AND GREEN CITIES CONSIDERATION

http://iplan.townplan.gov.my/



CURRENT ZONING COMMITED



## **Kuala Lumpur Low Carbon Society Blueprint 2030 NVERVIEW**

Consultancy and **Research Team** 

Universiti Teknologi Malaysia (UTM), Kyoto University (KU), E-KONZAL Japan

Client

Kuala Lumpur, Jurisdiction area falls under Kuala Lumpur City Hall

**Period** 

2016-2017

Base year 2010

Target year 2030



















## Kuala Lumpur Low Carbon Society Blueprint 2030 PROCESS OF PREPARATION



Inception Report Kuala Lumpur Low Carbon Society 2030

Date: July 2016



Interim Report KL LCSBP 2030

Date: October 2016



Brochure KL LCSBP 2030 for COP 22 Marrakech Date: 14 November 2016





FINAL REPORT Date : August 2016



Draft Summary for Policymaker Date: July 2017



A DRAFT
KUALA
LUMPUR LOW
CARBON
SOCIETY 2030
Date: May
2017



## DRAFT REPORT

## **KUALA LUMPUR LOW CARBON SOCIETY 2030**



Draft KL LCSBP2030

> Date: February 2017

70 x 30

KL can reduce its carbon emission intensity by as much as 70% by 2030

## Kuala Lumpur Low Carbon Society Blueprint 2030 GHGs Emission Modelling

### GHG Emission Modelling

### Energy Extended \$napshot Tools (Ex\$\$)

#### **Energy demand**

- Transport
- Residential
- Commercial
- Industry

#### **Energy Supply**

- Electricity
- Secondary energy

## Waste Model

- Waste generation
- Waste composition (% organic)
- Recycling and composting rate
- Treatment technology

#### Carbon Sink

Carbon Storage and Sequestration

- Green area
- Number and species of trees
- Wood density
- Diameter breast height (DBH)

Energy Sector Emission Waste Sector Emission

Carbon Sink Sector Emission

**GHG Emissions** 

Malaysia's **global**commitment to reducing
45% CO<sub>2</sub> emission
intensity by 2030 (based on 2005)



Climate Change /Low Carbon Initiatives



Kuala Lumpur Low Carbon Society 2030 Blueprint National Physical Plan(NPP-3), RMK-11, NUP,GTP, ETP

Kuala Lumpur Structure Plan 2020

Kuala Lumpur City Plan 2020

> DBKL Planning Guidelines

> > Planning Control

Spatial
Development
Planning

Sustainable
Development Goal
(SDG) 2030
New Urban
Agenda (NUA)
2036

Greater KL/KV (NKEA)(2010)

Greater KL Land Public Transport Master Plan 2020

DBKL Strategic Plan 2010 - 2020

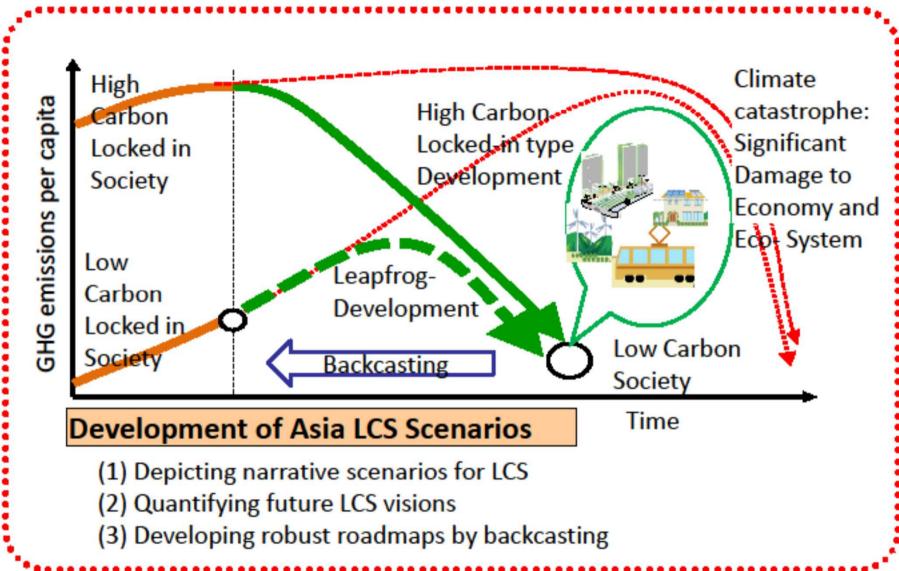
ICT Strategic Plan 2015

> General (Non-Spatial) Development Policies

## FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION 3 ACTION, SUB-ACTION, MEASURES, PROGRAMS

	Action	No. of Sub-action	No. of Measures	No. of programs
1	Green Growth	4	7	23
2	<b>Energy Efficient Spatial Structure</b>	3	10	36
3	Green Mobility	5	8	30
4	Sustainable Energy System	4	6	14
5	Community Engagement and Green Lifestyle	4	6	29
6	Low Carbon Green Building	3	12	31
7	Blue and Green Network	5	11	27
8	Sustainable Waste Management	3	6	16
9	Sustainable Water & Wastewater Management	3	7	17
10	Green Urban Governance	4	10	30
	TOTAL	38	83	253

### How to reach to Low Carbon Society in Asia?

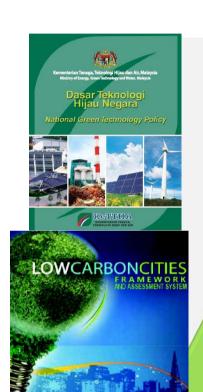




## Overall Six Low-carbon actions, three "3R" Actions, two "Cooler" Action

Co2 reduction actions	CO <sub>2</sub> emission reduction [tCO <sub>2</sub> ]	Contribution in total reduction [%]	
1.Integrated City Planning & management	305,546	17%	
2.Low Carbon Transportation	570,319	32%	
3. Cutting-Edge Sustainable Tropical Buildings	635,192	36%	
4.Eco Concisions Home	65,555	4%	
5. Comprehensive use of Renewable Energy	50,384	3%	
6.The Green Lung of Putrajaya	64,394	4%	
7/8 Thermal comfort and cooler urban envtm	63,058	4%	
9. Minimum Consumption of Resources			
10/11 Repossession waste products and Maximum	26,182	1%	
Recovery of Resources			
	1 780 630	100%	

## **From Policy to Implementation**



POLICIES AND COMMITMENTS FOR CO2 REDUCTION OF 40%

STRATEGIES

KEY TARGETS BY SECTORS

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

NATIONAL ASSESSMENT

TOOLS

Low Carbon Cities Framework LCCF

**RATING TOOLS BY RELATED INDUSTRIES** 

GREEN BUILDING INDEX
BREEAM (UK)
LEEDS (US & CANADA)
GREENMARK (SINGAPORE)
GEENSTAR (AUSTRALIA)

40 % reduction of carbon emission per GDP per capita by 2020

#### **POLICY:**

GOVERNMENT OF MALAYSIA
- KETTHA / NRE / KKR / OTHER
MINISTRIES.

Green tech

#### **TOWNSHIP:**

ASSIST BY GREEN TOWNSHIP GUIDELINE & RATING

GREENTECH MALAYSIA / PBT
/ JPBD / KEY STAKEHOLDERS
Urban Development National
Green Technology Committee

#### **BUILDINGS:**

ASSIST BY GREEN BUILDING RATING SYSTEM

**GOVERNMENT AGENCIES**& INDUSTRY PLAYERS

## Smart Growth Principles



- · Mix land uses
- · Take advantage of compact building design
- Create a range of housing opportunities and choices
- Create walkable neighborhoods
- Foster distinctive, attractive communities with a strong sense of place
- Preserve open space, farmland, natural beauty, and critical environmental areas
- Strengthen and direct development towards existing communities
- · Provide a variety of transportation choices
- Make development decisions predictable, fair, and cost effective
- Encourage community and stakeholder collaboration in development decisions

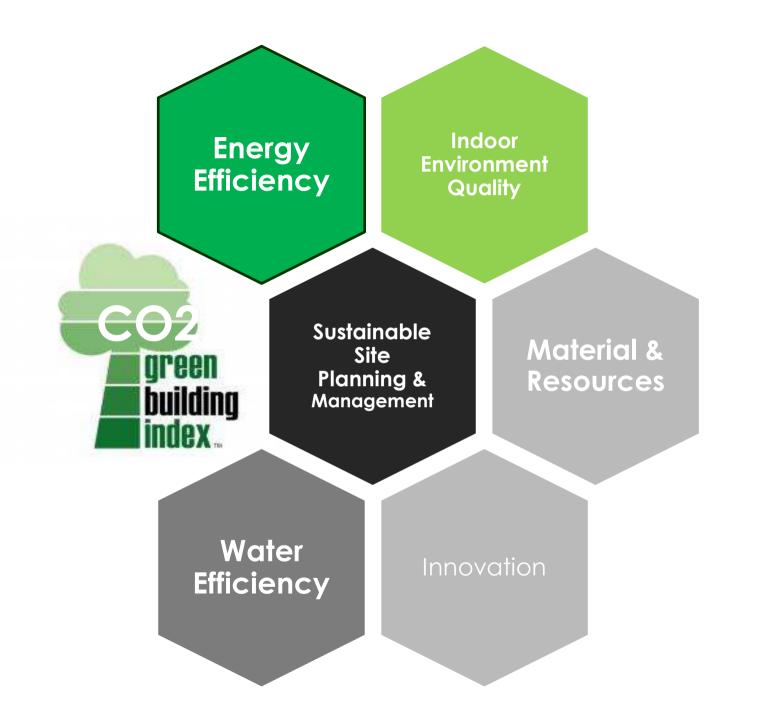
MALAYSIA GREEN BUILDING CONFEDERATION

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# 3

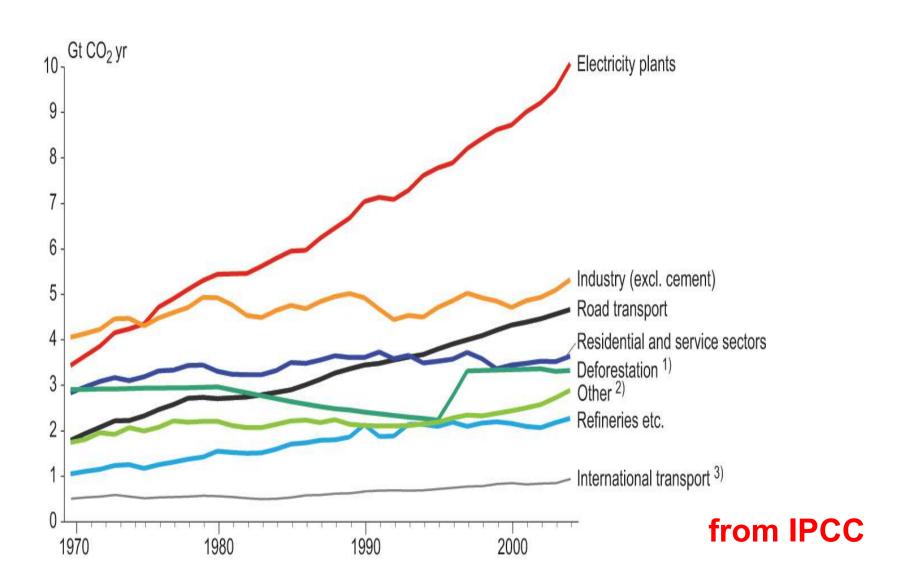
## GREEN BUILDINGS ARE COOLER LOW CARBON CITIES ARE COOLER CITIES



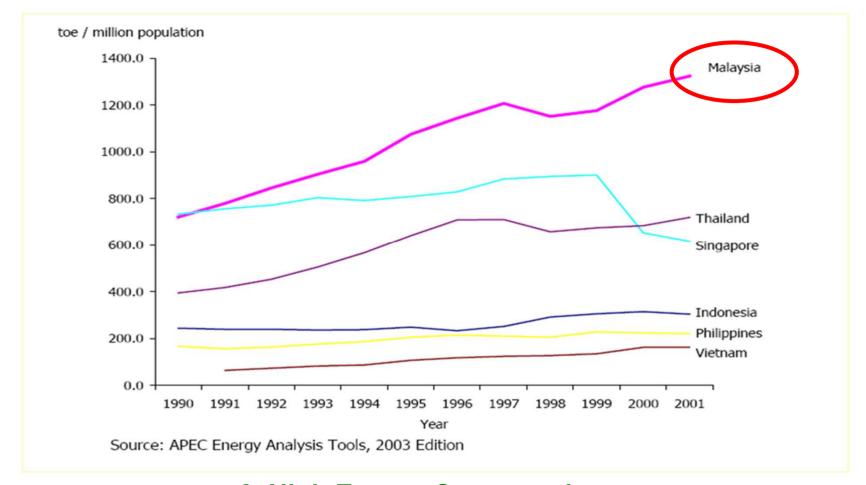


## NON-RESIDENTIAL NEW CONSTRUCTION (NRNC) ENERGY EFFICIENCY (EE)

PART	CRITERIA	ITEM	POINTS	SUBMITTER	GBI			
	EE	ENERGY EFFICIENCY						
	Design							
	EE1	Minimum EE Performance	1					
	EE2	Lighting Zoning	3					
	EE3	Electrical Sub-metering	1					
	EE4	Renewable Energy	5					
1	EE5	Advanced EE Performance - BEI	15					
	Commissioning							
	EE6	Enhanced Commissioning	3					
	EE7	Post Occupancy Commissioning	2					
	Verification & Maintenance							
	EE8	EE Verification	2					
	EE9	Sustainable Maintenance	3					



### WHAT ARE OUR LOCAL ISSUES?



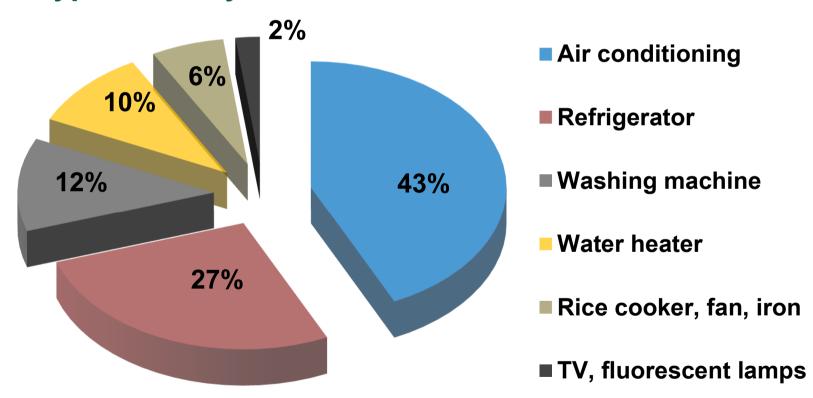
3. High Energy Consumption

Malaysia has the HIGHEST per capita Energy Consumption among

ASEAN countries

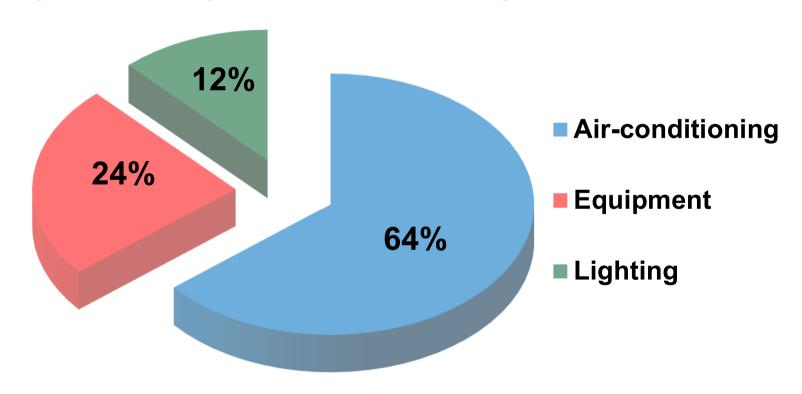
### **ENERGY USAGE**

### In typical Malaysian homes



## ENERGY USAGE

In typical Malaysian office buildings



## OTTV RTTV **U-VALUES** NET ZERO

## ROOF THERMAL RESISTANCE & HEAT GAIN



**SSTH 75%** 



DSTH 50%

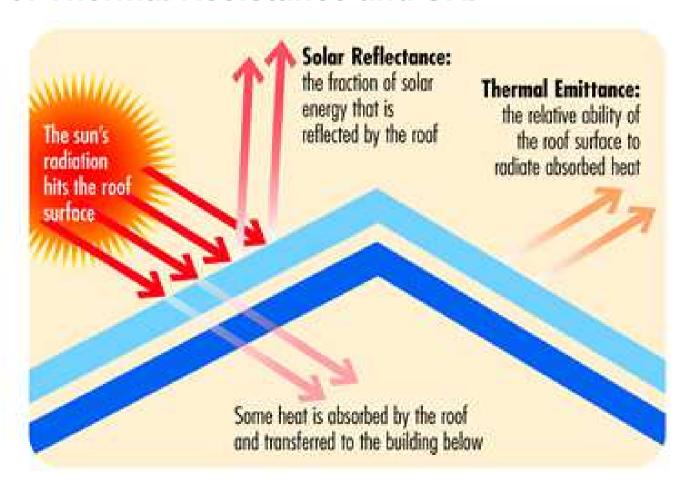


5S Flat 40%

MALAYSIA GREEN BUILDING CONFEDERATION

### THERMAL RESISTANCE

#### **Roof Thermal Resistance and SRI**

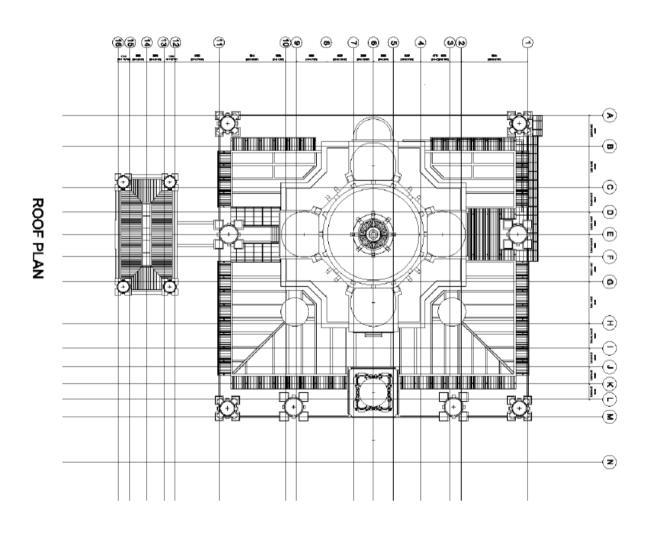


### Masjid DiRaja Sultan Sulaiman Klang

1932-1934



#### **ROOF PLAN**

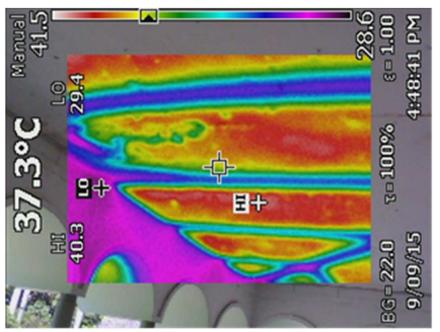


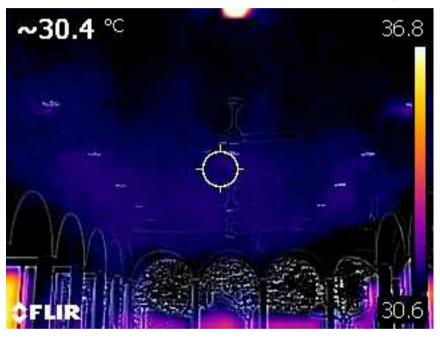
#### Roof Insulation before & after

2015 2017 31.2 ℃ 35.9 T= 100%

#### Roof Insulation before & after

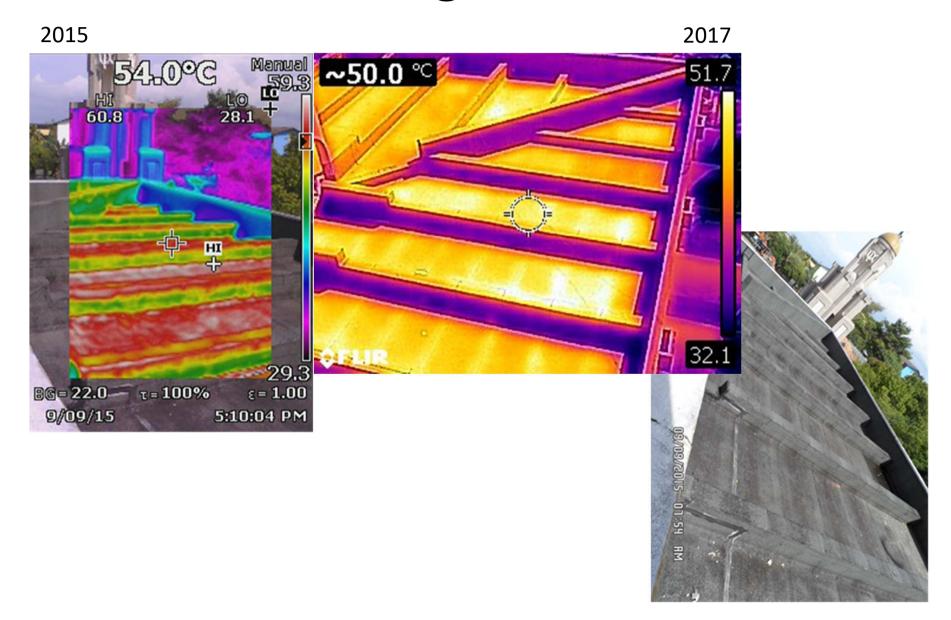
2015







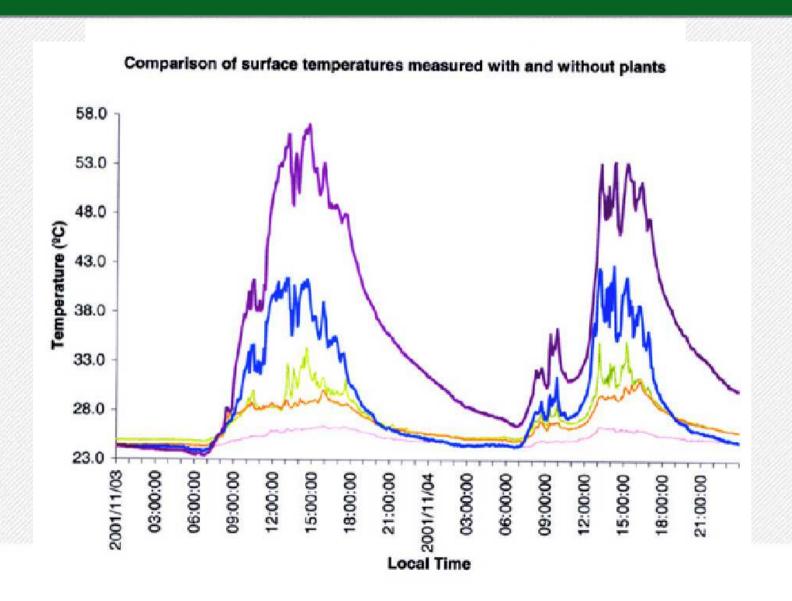
### External readings before & after







#### URBAN ROOF LANDSCAPING



#### **ENVELOPE THERMAL RESISTANCE**



FACTORIES 25%

LOW RISE 60%

HIGH RISE 80%

MALAYSIA GREEN BUILDING CONFEDERATION

#### **BDG FABRIC HEAT GAIN & OTTV FORMULA**

#### MS1525:2007 Clause 5.2.2 says

The formula for the OTTV of any given wall orientation is as follows:

 $OTTVi = 15 \alpha (1 - WWR) U_w + 6 (WWR) U_f + (194 \times CF \times WWR \times SC)$ 

OTTV = Heat
Conduction
through
Walls

0.2% to 5%

Heat
Conduction
through
Windows

10% to 20%

Solar Heat Gain through Windows

70% to 85%

#### COOLER BUILDINGS THROUGH BY-LAW 38A

#### UBBL by-Law 38A Amendment 2012 Energy efficiency in buildings

- (1) New or renovated non-residential buildings with air-conditioned space exceeding 4,000 square metres shall be –
- a)designed to meet the requirements of MS 1525 with regards to the Overall Thermal Transfer Value (OTTV) and the Roof Thermal Transfer Value (RTTV); and
- b) provided with an Energy Management System.

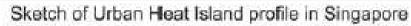


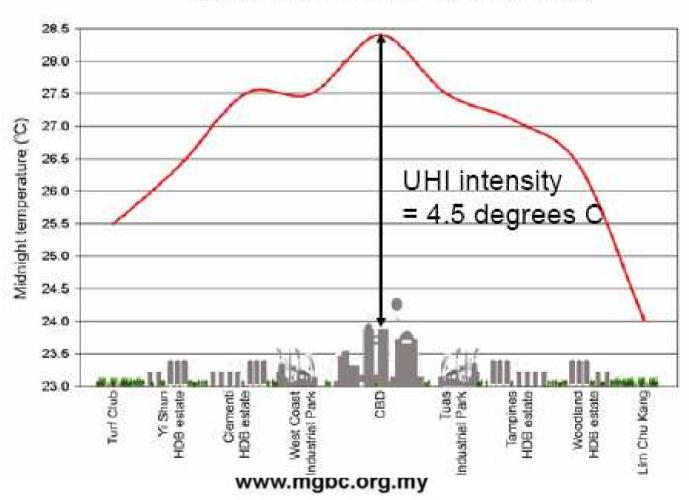
## SUSTINABLE LANDSCAPING HEAT ISLAND EFFECT





ITEM	AREA OF ASSESSMENT	DETA POIN		MAX POINTS			
SM4	OPEN SPACES, LANDSCAPING AND HEAT ISLAND EFFECT						
	Development should have smaller footprints and more landscaping, thereby reducing the well known effects of heat islands around hard scaped areas.						
	Provision of landscaping with indigenous plants to 10% of total development area	1	4				
	Provision of additional similar landscaping of every extra 5%: 1 point up to a maximum of 3 points	3					







#### SITE PLANNING & MICRO-CLIMATE



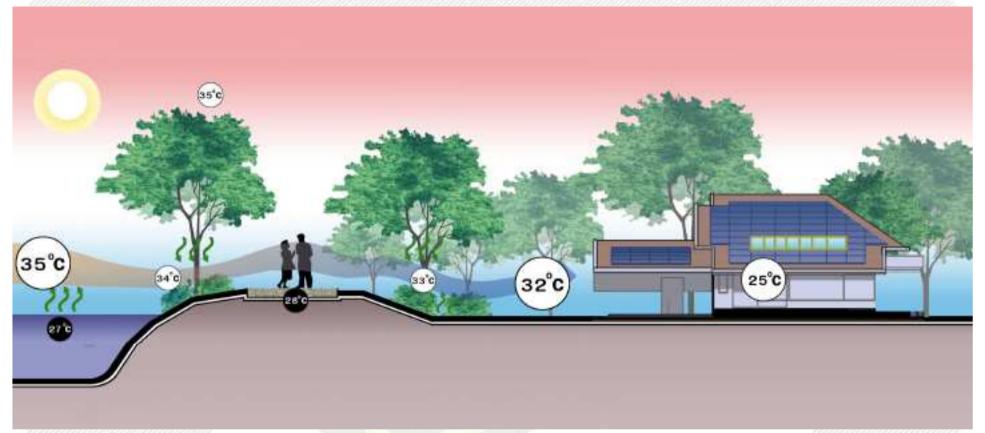


$$\Delta T = 39 - 25 = 14^{\circ}C$$

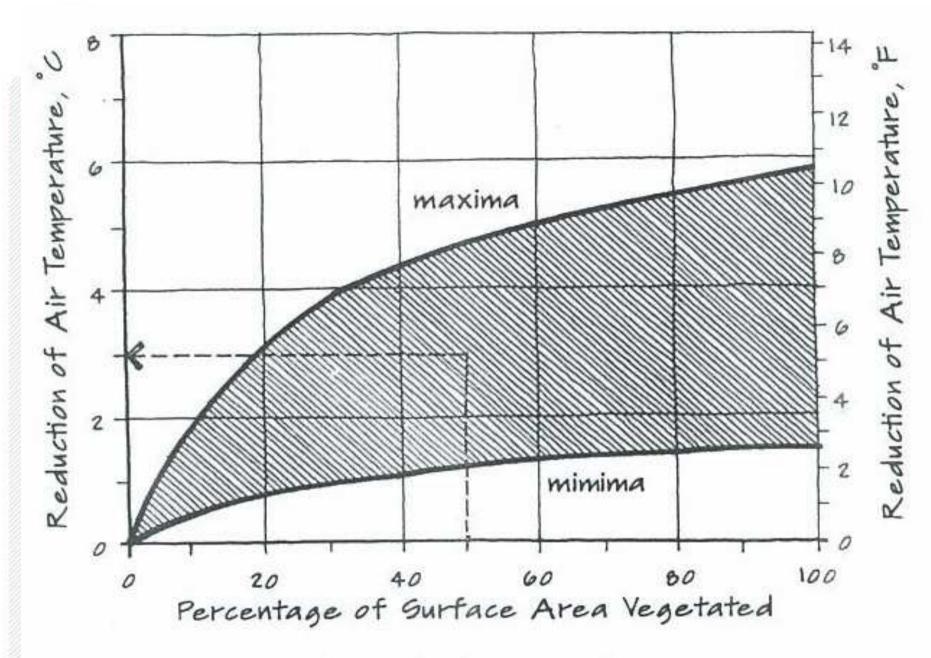


#### **SITE PLANNING & MICRO-CLIMATE**





$$\Delta T = 32 - 25 = 7^{\circ}C$$



Cooling Rates Due to Vegetation Cover







CH2 Melbourne

Condominium Singapore







Condominium Singapore



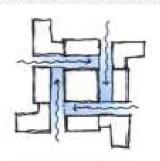








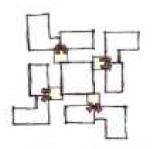
#### Wadala Mumbai India



Luttatrömungen i Artipix



Begrunung | Greenery



Zwgangapiattformen (Access platform



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NOTE:

- PLEASE REFER TO DETAL DRAWING FOR RWDP PROTECTIVE CLUARD RAIL AND COLUMN GUARD LOCATION
- 2) PLEASE REFER TO DETAL DRAWING FOR ROAD HUNP AND WARKING LOCATION

PFLAN TINGKAT BAWAH TLK = 79 MOS. TLM = 68 MOS.

www.iiigbc.org.iiig

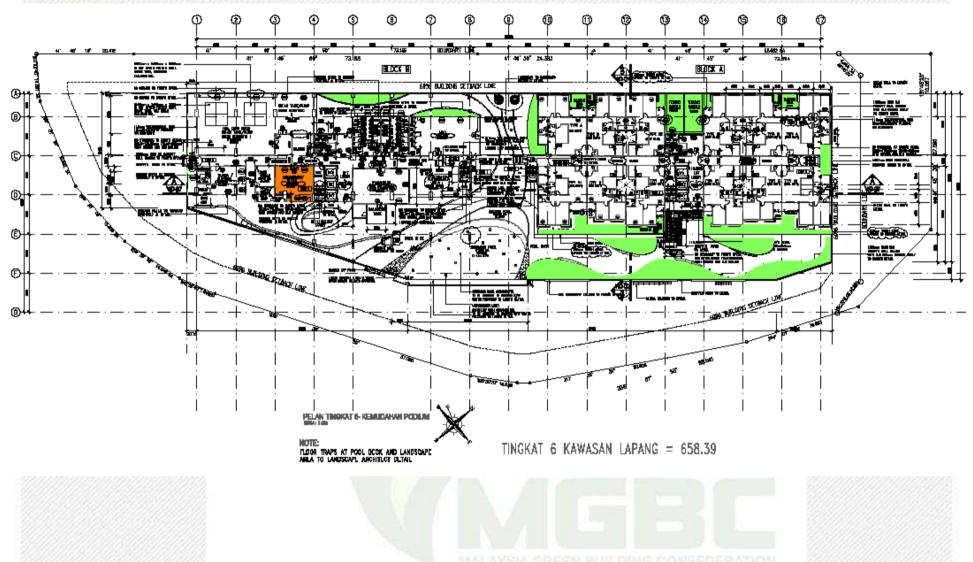
TINGKAT BAWAH KAWASAN LAPANG = 1725.01

4

-









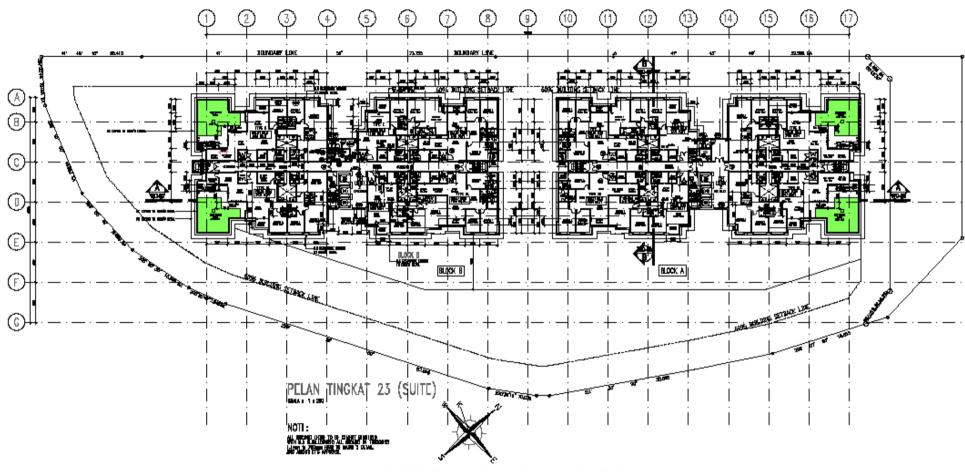




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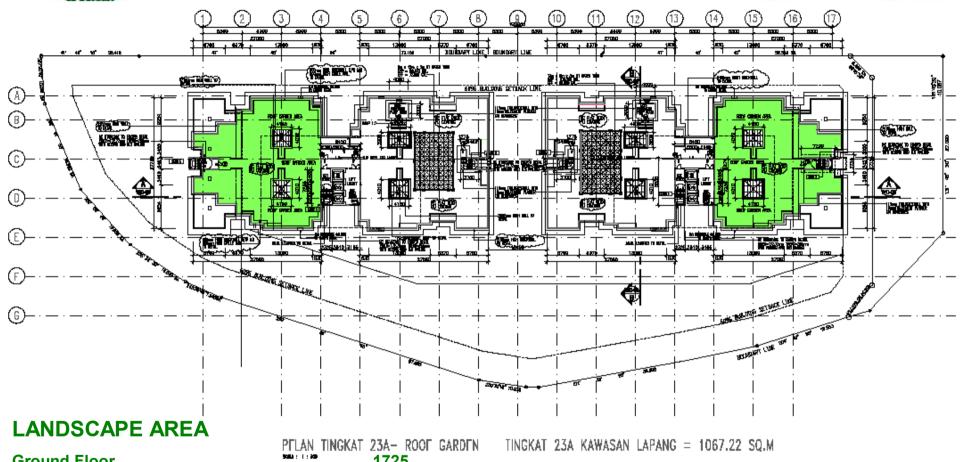


TINGKAT 23 KAWASAN LAPANG = 200.38 SQ.M









Podium Roof L6 658
Penthouse L23 200

 Roof
 1067

 TOTAL
 3650

Land Area 10600



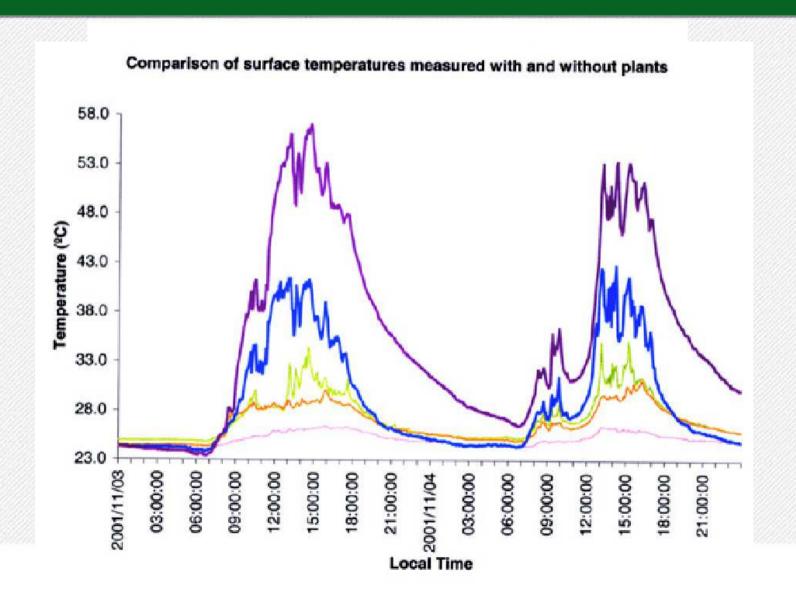
MALAYSIA GREEN BUILDING CONFEDERATION







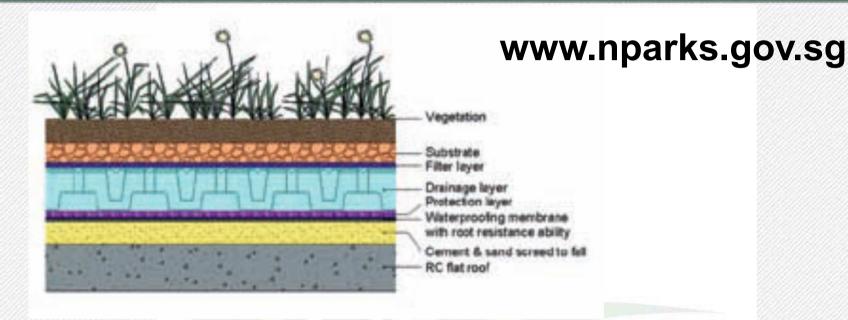
#### URBAN ROOF LANDSCAPING







#### URBAN ROOF LANDSCAPING

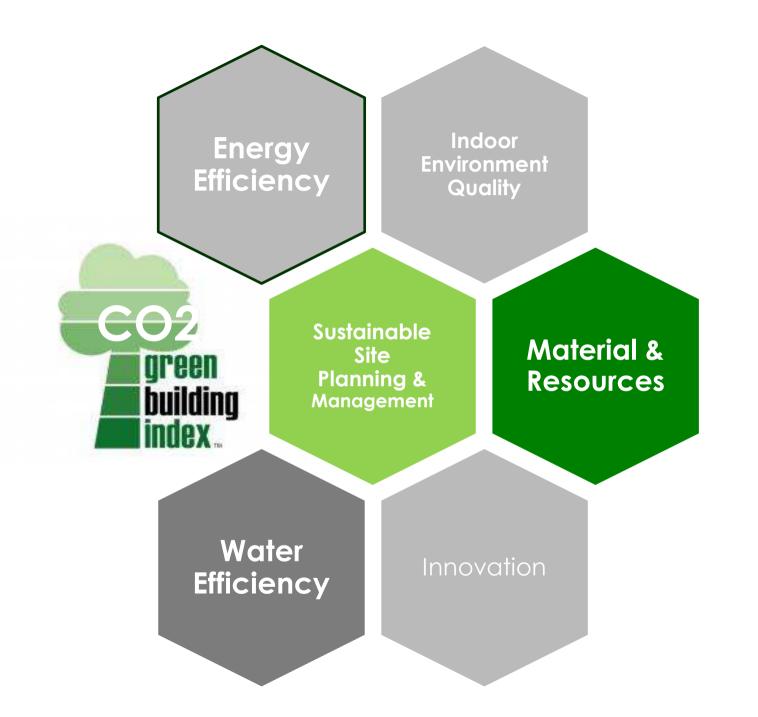


- \* RC flat roof
- \* Cement and sand screed to fall
- \* Waterproofing membrane with root resistance ability
- \* Protection layer
- \* Drainage layer
- \* Filter layer
- \* Vegetation support layer
- \* Vegetation/ peripheral structuregbc.org.my



# 5

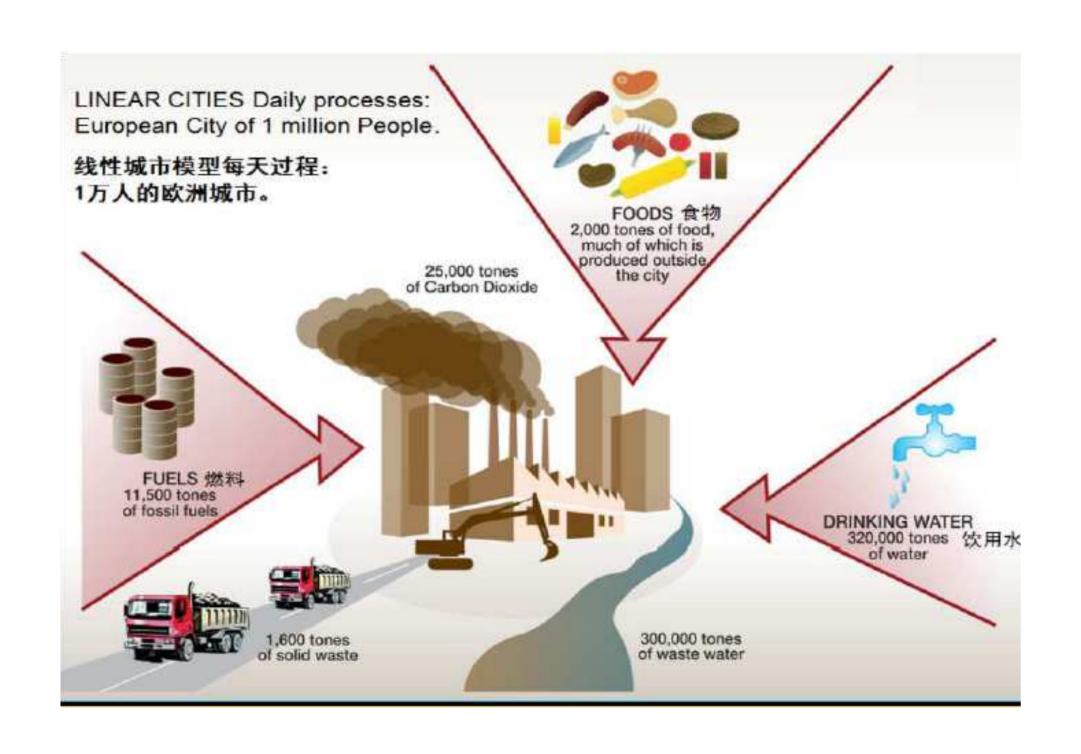
### ZERO WASTE CONSTRUCTION BIM-IBS INTEGRATION



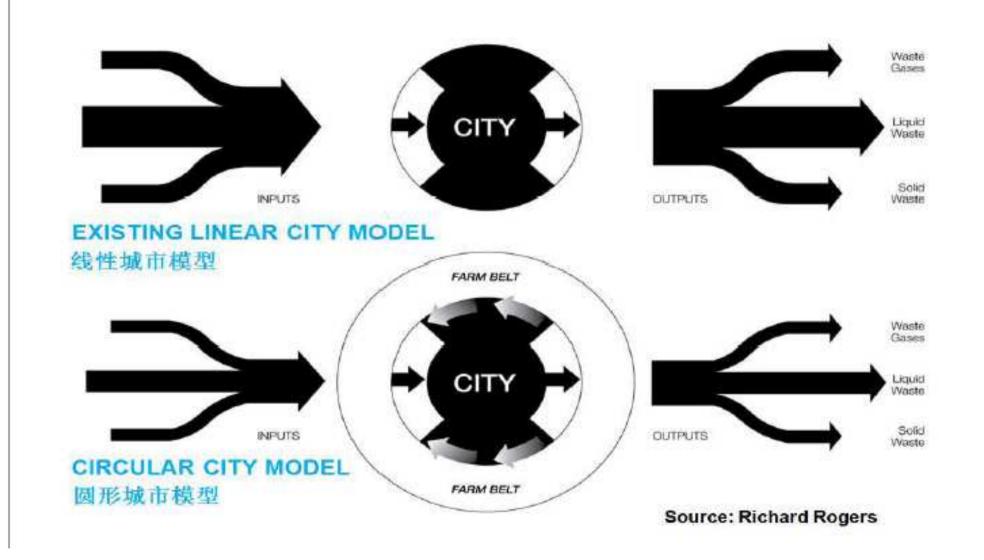


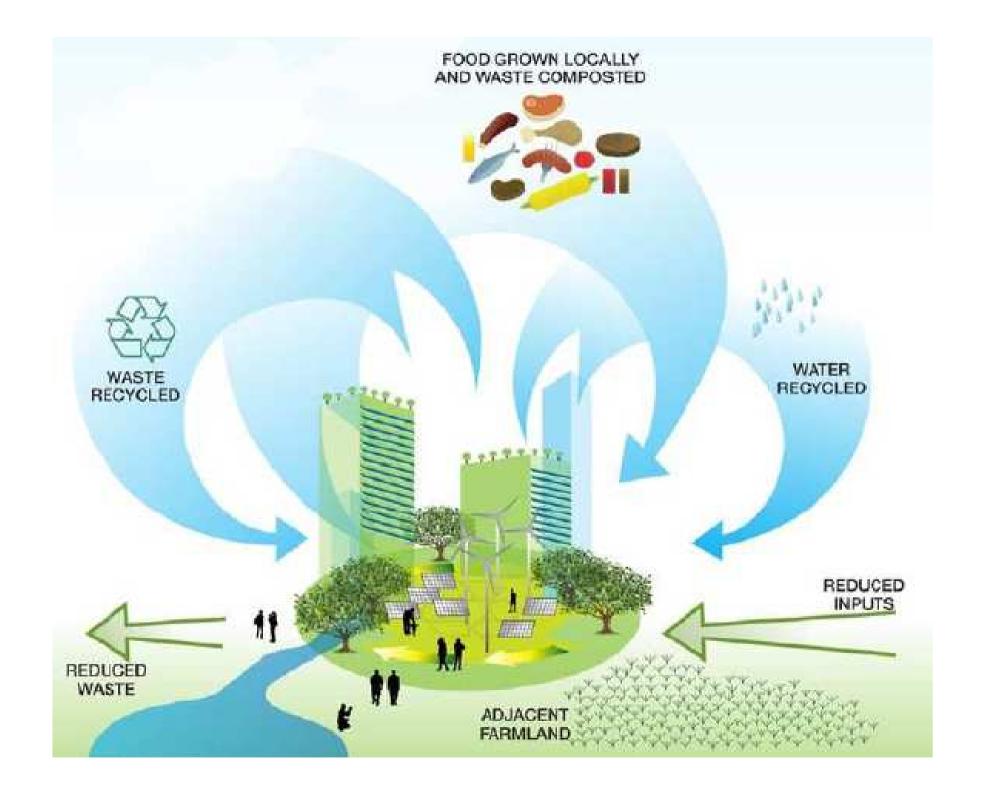
## NON-RESIDENTIAL NEW CONSTRUCTION (NRNC) MATERIALS AND RESOURCES (MR)

MR	MATERIALS & RESOURCES						
Reused & Recycled Materials							
MR1	Materials Reuse and Selection	2					
MR2	Recycled Content Materials	2					
Sustainable Resources							
MR3	Regional Materials	1					
MR4	Sustainable Timber	1					
Waste Management							
MR5	Storage & Collection of recyclables	1					
MR6	Construction Waste Management	2					
Green Products							
MR7	Refrigerants & Clean Agents	2					



#### NEW CITY MODELS 新城市模型





#### SWM STATUS IN KUALA LUMPUR

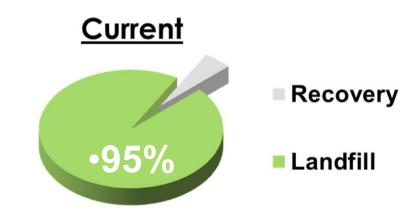
- Average per capita waste generation is 0.5kg/day
- Average per capita for KL
- is 1.5kg/day
- 76% of waste is collected
- 2% is recycled
- 22% of waste is taken to dumpsites
- 5% of waste from KL is recycled

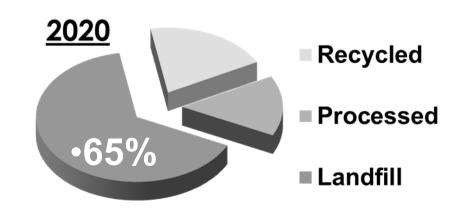


#### **SWM TARGETS KUALA LUMPUR**

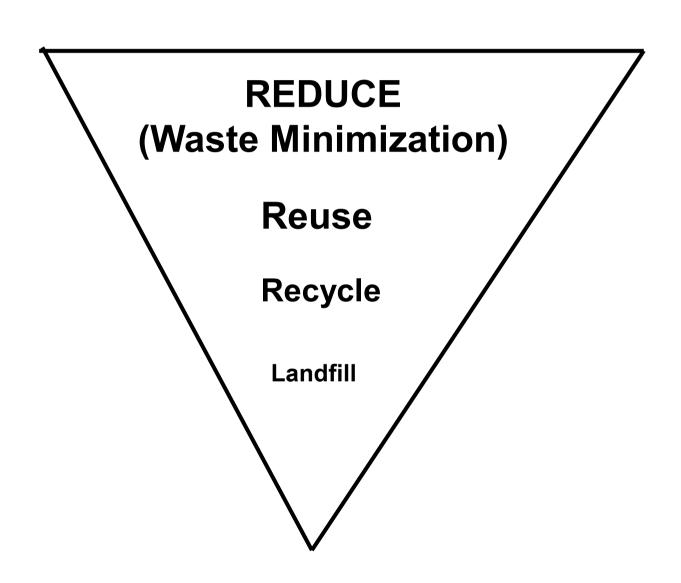


- Reduce
  - Reuse
- Recycle
- Incinerate
  - Landfill





#### HIERARCHY OF WASTE MANAGEMENT



# ZERO WASTE CONSTRUCTION

Zero Waste Construction through BIM – IBS Integration

BIM – Building Information Modelling

IBS - Industrialized Building Systems



#### **QUALITY ISSUES**







#### **PRODUCTIVITY ISSUES**

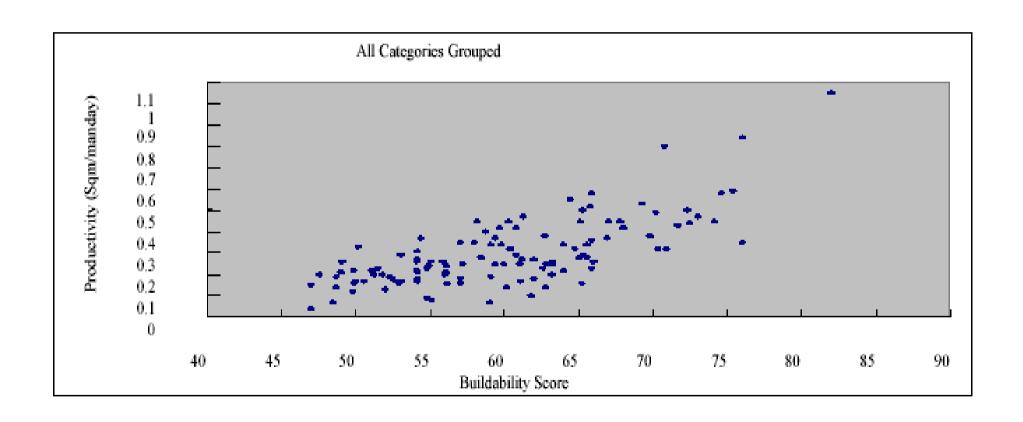
#### CHOA CHU KANG N6 C9 LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY

	FULLY PRECAST CONSTRUCTION (mandays)	CONVENTIONAL CONSTRUCTION (mandays)
PC ÉRECTOR	. 20	0
WATERPROOFING	15	0
STEEL BENDER	28	75
CARPENTER	20	125
CONCRETOR	17	15
TOTAL	100	215
LABOUR FORCE SAVING	115 (46.5%)	. 0
PRODUCTIVITY	0.17 mandays/m2	0.36 mandays/m2

NOTE: THE ABOVE COMPARSION IS BASED ON THE AVERAGE LABOUR FORCE FOR 4 NUMBERS OF 5 ROOM APARTMENT AND 1 LIFT LOBBY PER STOREY.

THE AVERAGE CYCLE TIME PER STOREY BY USING BOTH METHODS IS 14 DAYS.

#### **PRODUCTIVITY & PROFITIBILITY WITH IBS**

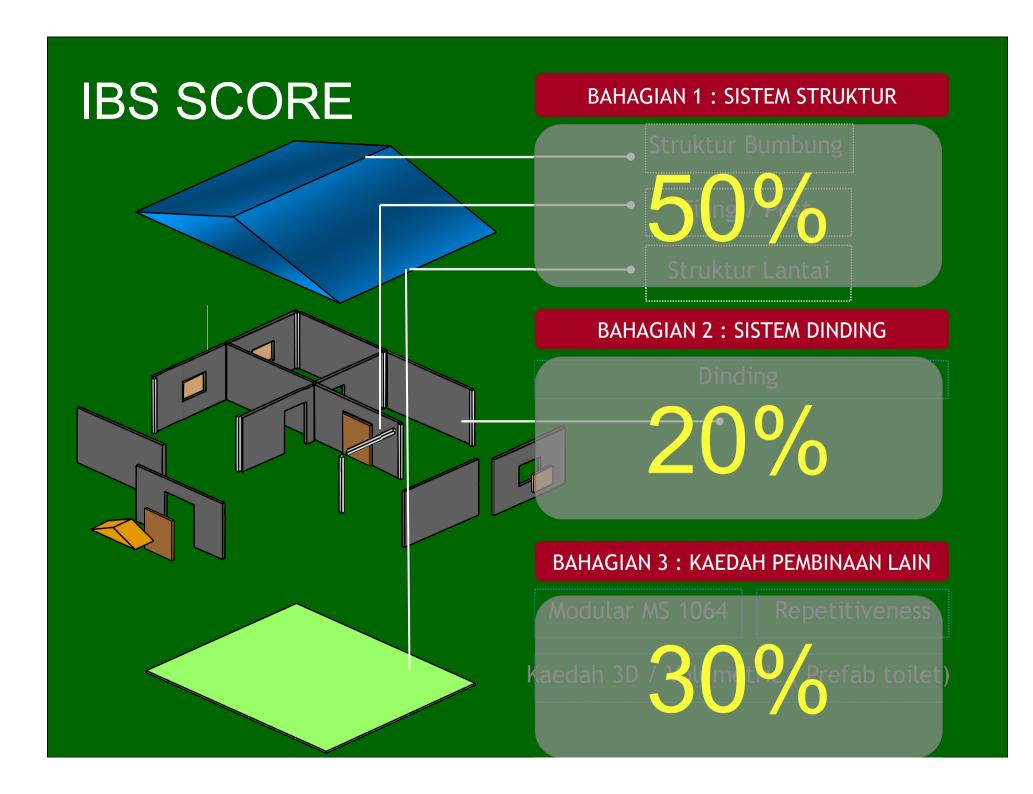


#### WHY IBS - REDUCED WASTE GENERATED

Waste Generation and Composition: Comparison Between an IBS (Parcel 7, Presint 9, Putrajaya) and a Conventional Project (Kamsis H, UKM). Based on 100 square m floor space

Construction Waste Materials	Amount of Waste Generated by Weight (Tonnes)	
	Fully Prefabricated	Conventional
Soil and sand	1.01	14.7
Brick and blocks	0.04	0.63
Concrete and aggregate	0.27	36.0
Tiles	0.02	2.72
Scrap metal	0.01	0.45
Wood	0.04	0.11
Plastic materials	0.01	0.03
Packaging products	0.07	0.002
Total	1.47	54.642

Source: LESTARI, 2009







# **GAMUDA**



Unlimited product variety

Turnkey design and build services

Shorter construction time

Labour reduction

Assured quality

Big savings with BIM - Time, Material, Money



With the Building Information Modelling (BIM) digital design system, all design information is incorporated and captured online. Once all design clashes are resolved, the BIM data is fed into the robotics production system - the software drives the design to production. This design tool eliminates any error and guesswork that is normally associated with conventional construction methods.



# THE BEST DELIVERY FOR YOU

#### Fast

Much faster than conventional construction methods

Panels are delivered to site and installed like 'Lego', one floor per week

Reduce construction period by

12 months

#### **Efficient**

Uses 1/3 of labour compared to conventional method

Reduces foreign labour dependency by

63%



#### Sustainable

Safe method of construction

Low noise

Cleaner, greener way of building

Minimal wastage

< 1%



# 6

# PUBLIC PARTICIPATION MGBC & WGBC ROLES





Malaysia Green Building Confederation (MGBC) is a transparent, consensus based, and not-for-profit organization, aiming to promote Green Buildings and a sustainable built environment in Malaysia.

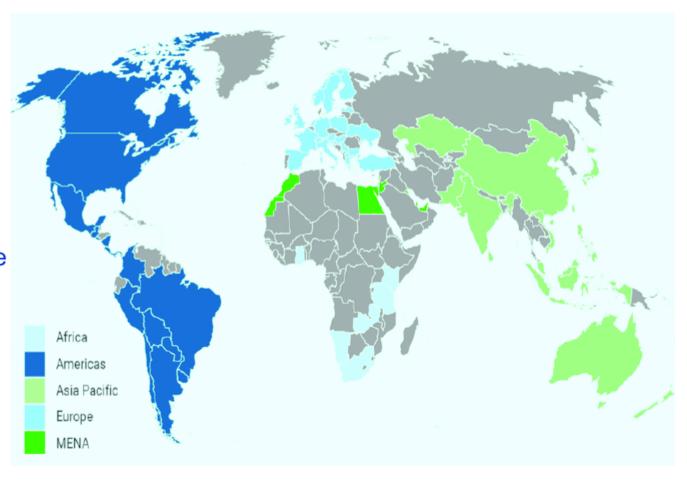






## **WORLD GBC**

- A global network of Green Building Councils in over 70 countries.
- The world's largest and most diverse network of sustainable built environment actors. 50k members
- Organised for local > regional > global impact.



## **WORLD GBC's ROLES**









## **WORLD GBC's WORK**









**Healthy Buildings** 



**High Performance Buildings** 

#### **GBC'S AND THEIR IMPACT**



have made green building policy change of green building space around the work has been certified by member GBCs.\*



at either the city, regional or national lev with contributions from our GBCs.



NEW NET ZERO BUILDING CERTIFICATIONS

> Launched through our Advancing Net Zero project.



NATIONAL RENOVATION STRATEGIES LAUNCHED

> With support from the BUILD UPON project in Europe.



415B 39% m2 of building of global GHG stock in 2050 emissions from building sector of global energy m2 of building stock in 2015 is consumed by buildings

# **THANK YOU**



chansa@malaysiagbc.org.my